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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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Professor Felix L. Oswald predicts this country will have 300,000,000 inhabitants in 1993.

New York City is wrestling with the problem of whether women are to be allowed on the school board.

The Ohio Legislature has passed a law declaring that no shrubbery, except an Osage orange hedge, shall be considered a legal line fence.

An agricultural order of merit is to be given annually to officers and soldiers in the French army who possess special knowledge of technical works useful to agriculture.

February was the coldest month known in Siberia for several decades. It was almost impossible to heat houses to a comfortable temperature, and water poured out of a bucket in the open air froze before it reached the ground.

There are no native kangaroos except on the continent of Australia. That country contains about 11,000,000 of them. Over a million skins a year are shipped to the United States for use in bootmaking. Each skin will make about four pairs of ordinary sized shoes.

It has hitherto been the law in Japan that if a woman was not married by a certain age the authorities picked out a man and compelled him to marry her. The Mikado has just abolished this usage. In future Japanese women will be allowed to live and die maids as in European countries.

Following the purchase of 40,000 acres of land in Florida by a syndicate, another syndicate, announces the Atlanta Constitution, has purchased 92,000 acres of timber lands in Sunflower County, Mississippi. Outside capitalists stand ready to buy Southern land whenever they can get it in large tracts.

A man who has a generous quantity of gray in his hair, but none at all in his heart, confesses to the Chicago Herald that he finds occasionally great satisfaction in eating a pint of peanuts. He does this after dark, buying them at a street stand and having them not put in a paper bag, but emptied right into his pocket. He knows of no pleasanter reminder of youth than peanuts.

In 1884, relates the Chicago Herald, the city of St. Louis passed an ordinance charging telegraph and telephone companies $55 a year for each pole erected in the streets. The companies contested the validity of the ordinance, and it was pronounced void in the lower courts. An appeal was taken and a final decision was rendered by the United States supreme court. It was held that the ordinance was valid; that the charge made was not a license tax, but was in the nature of ground rent which the city had the right to demand and receive for the use of the space occupied by the poles. St. Louis will get $7545 a year from this assessment, with back taxes for nine years.

The railroad branch of the Y. M. C. A. in New York city, in its statistics for 1892 shows a total membership of 2402. Of these 342 are brakemen, 192 engineers, 174 firemen, 168 conductors and 613 clerks. The total attendance on all meetings at the different places was 286,899, the average 788, and the Sunday average 469. This shows a gratifying increase on the preceding year. An interesting item is the statement of the librarian that out of 13,476 books circulated among them, only 7901, or 52 per cent., were works of fiction; works of literature, biography, travel, history and railroads, follow in order of popularity. It is said that the average circulation of city libraries is about 90 per cent. fiction.

Says the New York Observer: "Among our books of the past year we find more than one, as was the case last holiday season, treating of the romance and rescue of old New England homes. Such places can be bought more cheaply today than a tree-claim in North Dakota, and in every far Eastern state they are advertised for taxes. Those of us who are in among the New England hills with more or less frequency know the aspect of an abandoned farm only too well. The orchards are thick with sprouts as a copse of wild plums on the banks of the Missouri. The old time gardens are rank with burdock and fierce with bayonets of thistle. The well, from which labor once drank such sweet draughts of refreshing coolness, is choked to the brim with refuse. The meadow is one huge mullein camp, and the pasture a warren for the rabbits. A few leaning timbers of oak mark the site of the rotting cider-mill. Even the choice "home-acre," shows only a leaning cabin, a stone-cold hearth, and a few broken pickets behind which even the cinnamon rose will no longer bloom.

Old, Tried and True.

A song I sing to all that's old—
Old, tried and true! Ah, I would fain
The bitter with the sweetest hold,
Could all old hands clasp mine again.
The face of Change I meet with fear;
Though good the New, the Old is dear.

A song I sing to olden cheer;
For frosts of autumn gild the leaf;
They crown the seasons; test the year;
They mist the grape and bind the sheaf.
Their tender touch is longest lent
To earth and air and firmament.

A song I sing to olden ways!—
Old scenes, old homes, old ingle-nooks;
Old faiths of blessed olden days;
Old myths, old rhymes, and dear old books;
And, if with faults, old friends; and calm
Loves flowing like some stately psalm.

O Angel dread of Untried Lands,
Move slow the pendulum of Change!
Hold kindly with thy faithful hands
Its longest reach in youthward range;
For sweet as is the new hour's cheer,
The olden hours are dear, more dear.
—[The Chautauquan.

WON AT LAST.

Elsa came in with flushed cheeks and brilliant eyes.

Laura, bending over a spirit lamp on the littered table, glanced up from her brewing.

"I waited awhile for you, but as you did not come"—she observed, lifting the small copper kettle from the slender blue flame.

"Why did you wait one moment?" cried Elsa.

She lingered somewhat over the simple operations of removing her gloves and putting up the books she brought in. She presently gathered herself together with an effort.

"Did you get any lunch for yourself?"

Laura was calmly sipping her tea.

"No."

"No?" Laura, how could you? To work all day without eating! Do you mean to say that you have had nothing at all since breakfast?"

Laura, instead of replying, cast a circular glance about the room.

"What became of the buns? We had some buns left, had we not?"

Elsa went to an ancient and somewhat picturesque chest of drawers, and from under an improvised drapery of half a yard of old brocade brought out a paper bag.

Their eyes met, and in a moment both girls had broken into long shrieks of laughter, ending on Elsa's part with a half-strangled sob.

"Oh, Laura, I'm afraid I can't stand it much longer! It is so—so degrading."

"Degrading?"

Laura had consumed her bun and was now gathering up the two Japanese cups and saucers.

"Did you lunch to-day?"

"Yes."

"With Mr. Varian, I suppose?"

Elsa only made a little motion with her pretty head. Then:

"Oh, Laura, you don't think there's any harm in it, do you?" she pleaded.

"Harm?"

"That I should have happened to meet Mr. Varian once or twice, and that he has asked me to take lunch with him? You see, it is not as though he were a perfect stranger. As long as he knew grandfather a little and knows who I am, too, why—its different, somehow. Don't you think so?"

"In your case—no, I don't think there is any harm—exactly."

"Laura!. You say that so curiously! Don't you think Mr. Varian is—is a—an"——

"An honorable man? I hope so," rejoined Laura, coloring in her turn rapidly under her rich, dark skin. "In any other case I should advise you to be more careful."

"You're always advising me to be more careful, but I don't know any one more independent or more careless as to what other people may think than yourself," remarked the younger girl, in a tone a trifle aggrieved.

"In my case it is very different," was the short reply. "I am not pretty. You are."

"There are times when you are very, very handsome, Laura," said Elsa's soft voice, with earnest conviction.

But it was not quite half an hour before, even up there, where the last rays of the summer twilight lingered longest, Laura was obliged to push the work from her. As she did so, waking from the creative absorption in which she had been lost, a singular sound attracted her, coming from the outer side of the room. Getting to her feet she saw that Elsa was sobbing, with her face buried in the demoralized upholstery of the sofa bed.

"What is it?" said Laura, very gently and firmly. But already Elsa's face was buried once more, and this time upon the shoulders of Laura's gray stuff dress.

"Nothing, nothing, Laura! But, oh! I feel so—so unhappy and—wretched! I know I'm very, very weak. But it's so dreadful being so poor and living so—so"—

"I warned you, you know, dear," came Laura's quiet voice.

"Oh, I know, I know! You are so brave and strong and talented! But I don't believe I ever shall succeed, and—and"—

There was a little pause, during which Elsa's sobs grew full of dreary despair.

"You must go home, Elsa."

There was a protesting movement of her palpitating little figure.

"Yes, you must go back to your people. You are too tender, too delicate, too sensitive for this sort of life. You know I told you," the girl went on, a little wearily, "that making one's own living and striking out independently for one's self was not so easy as it might seem. If a girl has a good home, even though it were ever so simple a one, she is, perhaps, safest and happiest in its shelter."

"You mean a girl like me," said Elsa, sitting up and nodding her head with dreary sagacity. "You know that nothing would induce you to go back to the sort of life which I should lead on the farm with grandfather and Aunt Polly. But you are different. Some day you will surely succeed, whereas I"—

Laura was silent a moment.

"And Mr. Varian?" she finally said.

She felt the presence of the blush on the other's cheek which she could not see.

"Don't, don't! Don't speak of him in—in that way!" breathed Elsa.

* * * * * * * *

"Come in," called Laura a week later.

The summary invitation had evidently not been heard, for the knock was repeated after a discreet interval.

This time Laura rose, and, pencils in hand, opened the door herself.

"I am very glad to see you, Mr. Varian," she said, gravely. "Come in."

Of the two it was not she who was embarrassed. Laying down her pencils she pushed a chair slightly towards him with the gesture of a queen.

"Mr. Varian," she said, "I have known you but a short time. Practically we are strangers. Yet I think we shall understand each other. I do you the credit of believing that I can speak frankly to you. I asked you to come here to see me for a special reason, which I shall broach at once. You are aware," she concluded, "that Elsa—Miss Hart—has returned to her home and friends?"

"Indeed? I had no idea of it. No."

Laura dropped her eyes for a moment.

"You make it more difficult for me to say what I wished," she observed in a moment. "She has gone back to friends because she was far too sensitive and delicate a little creature to face the hand-to-mouth, struggling existence of a female art student successfully. She should never have attempted it. I blame myself now, for I love the child dearly. Still, her year of such experience as she has known here would do her no harm, rather good, perhaps, were it not for one thing," and here those gray eyes rested full upon the young man again, "and with that you, Mr. Varian, are connected.

"I?"

The gray eyes flashed scornfully.

"It is unworthy to dissemble!" cried Laura. "If you have given that poor child cause to think that you love her, and have taught her to love you in return, there is no reason why you should attempt so to conceal the fact. "Pardon me, I have been unnecessarily rude and hasty. But I am Elsa's best friend, I think. I know her very thoroughly. Her happiness seems to have become, in some sense, my responsibility since she left the safe shelter of her home to be with me—to try the same life that I have tried. Mr. Varian, I believe Elsa is very unhappy now. And"——

"And you think she is unhappy because I have trifled with her affections? Led her to fix them upon me when"——

"Of course, you are a man of the world, Mr. Varian, and Elsa is a mere little country girl," interrupted Laura, with rapid utterance. Her case, somehow, did not seem so very clear after all. And strong and collected as she was, she was growing strangely nervous now.

"But Elsa is worthy to be the wife of any man," she hurried on. "And"——she paused abruptly.

"I honor you more than I can say for what I have seen of you in the last ten minutes," said Varian's voice at this juncture. "Few women would have had such directness, such loyalty to a friend, such courage. But there is a mistake here. I—I cannot marry Miss Hart."

Laura raised her head. For a moment they measured each other.

"You cannot marry"——

"No. Because I do not love her. I have looked upon her as a pretty child—nothing more; and mindful of her grandfather's kindness to me the summer that I was thrown from my horse when riding near his place, and laid up under his roof for weeks, I have tried to do what little I could for her. That is all. I sought her out, not for herself, but because she was your friend—because she was near you."

She had turned ashy pale. The pallor of her cheek was reflected on Varian's. He had not thought to speak so soon. Their eyes held each other for a long, breathless pause. In an instant the young man was on his knees at her side.

"Laura! Laura!"

"No, no, no!" She shrank away from his touch; but he had seen the expression of her eyes, and all his pulses beat in the intoxication of a new hope.

"You must go away; you must never come back," she cried hoarsely.

"Laura! You can't mean that?' the poor fellow gasped.

She had risen to her feet.

"Why? Why?" he stammered, following her as she retreated from him. A light burst upon him, induced by something in her face.

"It cannot be that—— You are not thinking of Elsa, of Miss Hart? But this is folly, madness! For a girl like you—head and shoulders above other women—such a stand is incomprehensible!"

"She loved you; she trusted me," said Laura, rigid and white in her effort at self-control.

"Good heaven!" the man exclaimed, driven to bay, "you would not have me marry a girl I do not love simply because she happened to fancy otherwise? I deplore the delusion, but what more can I do? Laura," he pleaded, "you will not say me nay?"

"Yes." She still stood rigid, with downcast eyes.

"At least," he pleaded again, "will you not tell me that you care for me—a little?"

Not even then would she raise her eyes.

"Very well. I shall go now, but I shall come back. Do you hear me? Time works many changes—and I shall return."

And, so saying, he left her.

* * * * * * * *

But she never hoped for his return. She never expected it.

The last of the warm days had flown; the autumn afternoons were growing short. Laura worked on, leading her own solitary life.

She had resigned herself to the solitude in which she seemed to have been abandoned. Her pencil never faltered in these days. But the hand that wielded it had grown thin and white, and the blue veins showed like delicate tracery under the transparent skin.

She was coming home late one dark afternoon, when, in the gloom-filled landing before her door, she made out an indistinct form. It did not move at her approach, and only when she had thrown open the door did she recognize who it was.

Then she staggered back a little.

"You see, I have come back—as I told you I would," said Varian.

In the stronger light of the room he saw how changed she was and how she trembled.

"Laura—my poor girl!"

Even then she strove to push him from her.

"Good heaven, Laura?" he cried, stepping back; "do you not know that Elsa Hart is married?"

"Married!"

He drew a folded newspaper from his pocket.

"You see, she was married two weeks ago, and to a man I happen to know, a clever young artist, rising in his profession, who spent his summer sketching on her grandfather's farm. Now, Laura, will you come to me?"

"Oh, how could she, how could she"

"Forget me so soon?" laughed Varian. "Pardon me, dearest, but I think you rather overrated the depth of her feelings. She liked me no better than she would have liked many other men who happened to be a little kind or attentive to her. She is a dear, sweet little woman, but"—he broke off immediately—"why should we talk of her. You have not yet answered a question I once put to you."

"What question?" The girl's eyes would not meet his.

"I asked you once if you cared for me—a little."

Then, indeed, her gray eyes met his with the full glance of the Laura of old.

"I think—I have always cared—from the first—more than a little," she said.—[Washington Post.

To Cure a Bunion.

Bathe the affected part in hot water to which a teaspoonful of salt, a tablespoonful of starch and a few drops of arnica have been added, wipe dry with a soft linen towel and apply iodine with a camel's hair brush. Wear a loose shoe out of doors, and while in the house a shoe which has the leather covering the bunion entirely cut away. Bunions are caused by undue pressure. A good plan, if you have to be out a good deal, is to have the shoemaker cut a piece from your shoe where it presses upon the bunion and replace it with an invisible patch.—[New York Recorder.

A Man of Unique Usefulness.

Professor Charles Sprague Sargent is the son of a Boston banker, and his first experience in gardening was gained in managing his father's handsome estate in Brookline, where he showed so much skill and taste in landscape-gardening, as well as knowledge of botany, that he was invited to become the head of the Botanical Garden at Cambridge. There, being full of ideas, he at first dismayed Dr. Asa Gray by the decisive changes he undertook to make; but the elder botanist was soon convinced that everything the younger one did was for the advantage of the place, since from the first he showed unusual breadth of view and ability. His thoroughness and success in this department suggested him as the most desirable, indeed, as the only competent man to manage the Arboretum. He was therefore made Arnold Professor of Arboriculture in Harvard University.

Since then his fame as a dendrologist has increased, until he is even better known and quoted as an authority in the Old World than in America. Owing to his high reputation and the knowledge acquired by him in his direction of the Arboretum, in 1880 the United States Government put him at the head of the Forestry Division of the Tenth Census, the result of which was his remarkable report of its proceedings published by the government in one of its quarto volumes. This contains a most comprehensive account of the condition of the timber of the country twelve years ago. It tells of our forests, of their bibliographical history, economic worth and uses; describes the different woods of our native land, and commercial value; gives an account of the lumber industry, the detail of forest fires, and a host of other things that influence the commerce of the country, and is accompanied by colored maps showing forest growth and density in different states.—[Century.

A Stone Carrot.

One of the finest specimens of vegetable petrifaction ever exhibited in Helena was recently brought to town by Hector Cody. This specimen is a carrot, little more than nine inches in length, with about an inch of the tip broken off. The history of the petrifaction is briefly this. In 1879 Hector Cody, then a lad of ten years, planted a bed of carrots in his mother's garden patch near the Baxendale granite quarry, about eight miles from town. The crop was an excellent one, the yield being large at the autumn harvest. That was fourteen years ago. Before the recent storm, there being little if any frost in the ground, Hector started out to spade up some of the old garden spot, when a shovelful of loosened earth exposed the stone-hardened vegetable, which proved upon examination to be as complete and handsome a petrification as nature ever transformed from vegetable life. In washing the soil from it what once formed the skin of the carrot scaled off, leaving a cornalian-ringed stone as clear as uncut agate, through which the sunlight shows every peculiarity of its growth and formation. Mr. Cody has had the offer of a horse for the unique specimen, but his mother is unwilling to part with it. He has promised to leave it for a season as an exhibit in the Herald cabinet, and later to permit it to be taken to the World's Fair as one of the specimens in the petrification exhibit of Montana.—[Helena (Montana) Herald.

Eyes With Double Pupils.

A remarkable belief is that which ascribes supernatural powers to the Bitias, Bithiæs or Bethas, persons said to have double pupils in each eye. Apollonides alludes to these people under the heading, "About the Bythiæ." He says: "There are certain femayls in Scythia who are known as Bythiæ, and Phylarcus states that a tribe of the Thibii in Pontus, and mene other people as well, have a double pupil in the one eye and in the other the figure of a horse or some other animal."

These persons, so say all the ancient writers, were possessed of both miraculous and supernatural powers. Even Cicero says that "the glance of all women with the double pupil in the eye is noxious, blighting and withering." Cadmus tells us that such persons would not drown; still others say that if they did drown the body would never sink, neither would it decay. They could cure the disease of the chest (consumption) by rubbing their perspiration on the affected parts of the individual, and in case the double pupils were red instead of black they could cure the lepers and the blind.—[St. Louis Republic.

A Young Giant.

"Is the baby strong?"

"Well, rather."

"You know what a tremendous voice he has."

"Yes."

"Well, he lifts that five or six times an hour."—[Texas Siftings.

THE NATION'S GUESTS.

The Duke of Veragua and Suite Reach New York.

He is the Eleventh Lineal Descendent of Columbus.

DUKE OF VERAGUA.

Don Cristobal Colon de la Corda, Duke de Veragua, Marquis of Jamaica, and Admiral and Adelantado Mayor of the Indies, the lineal descendant of Christopher Columbus, chief of the World's Fair Commission from Spain, arrived at New York on the American Line steamship New York. He was met there by Commander W. Dickins, United States Navy, the official representative of this Government, and by the special committee of citizens appointed by Mayor Gilroy to receive the distinguished guest and his suite, and extend to him the freedom of the city.

Besides the Duke there were on board his wife, the Duchess; the Hon. Christobel Colon Aguilera, the Hon. Carlos Aguilera and the Hon. Maria del Pilar Colon y Aguilera, the Duke's brother; the Marquis Barballes and his son and the Hon. Pedro Colon y Aguilera.

The Duke of Veragua came here as the guest of the American Nation at the invitation of Congress to be present at the opening of the World's Fair in Chicago. He was welcomed to the United States by three different committees.

The first represented the Nation, the second the city of New York and the third a committee of Spanish Americans. Besides these there were members of the Citizens' Committee and the Honorary Reception Committee.

The first person to greet the Duke on his arrival at Quarantine was the representative of the Federal Government, Commander Francis W. Dickins, U. S. N., who was accompanied by his wife. He delivered an address in Spanish to the Duke.

The Duke replied briefly in Spanish, thanking the United States Government for the display of its courtesy on behalf of himself, his family and the Spanish Nation.

An address was also delivered by General Horace Porter in French, presenting the Duke with the freedom of the city. The Duke in a low, clear voice, replied briefly in French. The party were taken to the Waldorf in carriages.

The Duchess is a tall, well-formed woman of perhaps forty years, with a round, pleasant face and dark features. The Duke is a little, dark man of about forty-five years. He wears closely clipped whiskers.

His daughter the Hon. Maria del Pilar Colon y Aquilera, has a slender figure, dark complexion and very dark eyes and hair. The Hon. Christobel Colon Aquilera is a sturdy boy of sixteen.

The Duke of Veragua, Marquis of Jamaica and Admiral and Adelantado Mayor of the Indies, was born in Madrid in 1837. He is the eleventh in descent from Christopher Columbus. A genealogical tree of the descendants of Columbus shows that the line of descent is as follows: First—Christobel Colon, discoverer of the New World and First Admiral of the Indies, married Phillippa Moniz. Second—Their son, Diego Colon, married Marie de Toledo. Third—Cristobel Colon, Diego's son, married Anna de Pavia. Fourth—Their daughter Francisca Colon—this being the first break in the male line of descent—married Diego Ortegon. Fifth—Their daughter, Josefa Ortegon, married F. de Paz de la Serna. Sixth—The issue of this marriage was again a daughter, Josefa de Paz de la Serna y Ortegon, who married Martin Larreategui. Seventh—Their son, Diego Larreategui y de Paz de Serna, married into the Carvajal family. Eighth—Francisco de Larreategui, the offspring by their marriage, married into the Anguilo family. Ninth—In this generation their son, Pedro Isidoro de Larreategui y Anguilo, married into the Jimenez de Embrun family. Tenth—Mariano de Larreategui y Jimenez de Embrun married a daughter of the Ramirez de Baquedano family. Eleventh—Pedro de Larreategui y Ramirez de Baquedano married into the de la Cerda family. Twelfth—We have as Columbus's eleventh direct descendant the present Duke de Veragua or Cristobal de Laureategui y de la Corda, who married into the family of Aguilera. A son was born to the Duke on September 12, 1878, who is Christobel de Larreategui y Aguilera.

BALANCE OF TRADE.

It Continues to Turn Against the United States.

The adverse turn of the balances of trade against the United States continues to be shown by the figures of the Bureau of Statistics at Washington. The total exports of breadstuffs for last month were $13,865,000. For the corresponding month of 1892 they were $23,072,000, a falling off for the month of $9,206,000.

For the nine months ending March, 1893, the exports of breadstuffs were $145,032,000. For the corresponding nine months in the previous fiscal year they were $238,159,000, a falling off in nine months of $88,127,000.

The decrease in the exportation of hog, beef and dairy products has been almost equally marked. For the month of March last the exports of these products were $8,231,000; for the corresponding month of 1892, $11,523,000, a falling off of $3,292,000. For the nine months ending March 31 the exports of these products were $27,390,000; for the corresponding nine months of the previous fiscal year $33,983,000, a falling off of $6,683,000.

THE SPRING REPORT.

The Condition of Farm Animals in the United States.

The spring report of Henry Robinson, the statistician of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, now in press, presents the following as the condition of farm animals in the United States: Horses—Average sanitary condition, 97.5; ratio of losses to the country at large, 1.7 per cent., as against 1.5 per cent. last year. Cattle—Average condition, 94.7, as against 93.2 a year ago; losses from all causes, 3.4 per cent. Sheep—Average condition, 94.9, as against 96.3 in 1892; losses from all causes, 4.4 per cent. Swine—Average condition, 96.4, the highest figure for several years, as against 95.2 for for 1892; ratio of losses, 6.3 per cent. The following are given as the approximate number of these several classes of farm animals in the whole country: Horses, 16,207,000; cattle, 52,378,000; sheep, 47,274,000; swine, 46,093,000.

SEEDING operations have begun in the Northwest, and the conditions are favorable for small grain. The low price of wheat does not cause any decrease in the acreage sown.

LATER NEWS.

THE Chamber of Commerce, the New York Historical Society and the American Geographical Society united in giving a brilliant reception at the Waldorf, New York City, for the Duke and Duchess of Veragua and their party. It was carried out on a magnificent scale.

THE citizens of Lexington, Mass., celebrated the 118th anniversary of the firing of the "shot heard round the world." The celebration was the most successful the old town has held since the 100th anniversay in 1875.

A TORNADO at Osage City, Kan., killed two persons, injured several and wrecked 140 buildings.

THE Arethuse, the French flag-ship, arrived in Hampton Roads, Va. Crews from the several men-of-war rowed four boat races, all of which were won by the San Francisco's men.

SAMUEL PASCO, Democrat, has been elected by the Florida Legislature, at Tallahassee, United States Senator for the term commencing March 4th, 1893, and ending March 4th, 1899, by a vote of ninety-five out of 100 in joint session.

THE ninth annual report of the Civil Service Commission has just been issued. The Commissioners urge that the classified service should be extended as rapidly as practicable. The whole number of places subject to competitive examination under the rules is now 42,928.

SECRETARY MORTON ordered the dismissal of forty-one assistant microscopists, one clerk and a bookkeeper, attached to the Bureau of Animal Industry and assigned to duty in Chicago. The reason of the dismissal is the reduced condition of the work.

THERE were more severe earthquake shocks in Zante.

FORTY houses at Slivno, a village of Bohemia, have been destroyed by fire. Four persons were killed and forty injured.

THE Infanta Eulalia started from Madrid, Spain, on her way to America and the World's Fair. Don Antonio accompanied her.

THE New York Legislature at Albany adjourned sine die.

MRS. ALMIRA RUSSELL HANCOCK, widow of General Winfield Scott Hancock, died in New York City after a long and painful illness. She was born in Zanesville, Ohio, December 12, 1831.

IN search of the Countess of Craven's wedding presents a burglar ransacked Mr. Bradley-Martin's house, New York City, stole between $5000 and $10,000 worth of jewelry and silver.

COLONEL CHARLES B. TAPPEN, New York's oldest citizen, is dead. He was born in Hanover, Morris County, N. J., on February 5, 1795, when George Washington was President of the United States.

WHILE a dummy engine was pushing a coach across the bridge over Twelve Pole Creek, W. Va., it struck a derrick, which fell and threw the coach from the bridge. The conductor, a brakeman and one passenger were killed.

ONE man was killed and several wounded in an attack of miners on the convict prison at Tracy City, Tenn.

SECRETARY CARLISLE made a statement that no order to stop gold redemption of Treasury notes had been issued, and that he hoped to receive more gold from the West.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE, the British Ambassador, gave a reception to the Diplomatic Corps in Washington. The affair was very brilliant.

THE Australian Joint Stock Bank failed, with liabilities of $65,000.

PRINCE FERDINAND of Bulgaria married Marie Louise Pia, daughter of the Duke of Parma, at Florence, Italy.

EMPEROR WILLIAM and Empress Augusta arrived in Rome to attend the silver wedding of the King and Queen of Italy.

THERE were two more earthquake shocks in Zante; it was then predicted that the shocks would continue until a volcanic eruption occurred.

MEXICAN REBELS WIN.

Federal Troops Routed With 130 Killed and Wounded.

News from Chihuahua, Mexico, says that Amalla, a fugitive from justice in New Mexico, recently returned to his native mountains and stirred up a large force of ignorant malcontents, outlaws and religious fanatics, and, arming them, captured the town of Temaxachic, near Guerrero, an important mining town beyond the summit of the Sierra Madre.

Amalla then went southward towards Tomachica and had a skirmish with Santa Anna and 300 men, who surrendered and afterwards joined him. The combined forces, under the leadership of Amalla, then marched on the town of Santa Tomas and captured it without resistance. The rebels then took the town of Guerrero, which was garrisoned by volunteer troops, who surrended without fighting.

At this point the Federal troops came up and the rebels fled to Santa Tomas, pursued by the troops. The Federal troops were surprised at the latter place, and in the battle that ensued 130 of them were killed and wounded. The rebels suffered very little.

A CRUISER LEAVES.

Serious Trouble at Grenada and One Vessel Less for the Big Review.

One of the British war vessels pulled up her anchor and left Hampton Roads, Va., before the final manœuvers and naval parade, on a serious errand. It was the Partridge, Captain McAllister. She was ordered to Nassau by the Admiral. He received word that there had been an uprising of colored people at Grenada, and that Captain Taylor, of the gunboat Mohawk, was shot and badly wounded. Grenada is the chief of the Grenadine Islands. This is a British possession. The Partridge is a full sister to our gunboats Yorktown, Concord and Bennington.

LYNCHED IN GEORGIA.

A Murderer Shot by a Mob and His Body Burned.

Jeff D. Barnett, a young white storekeeper near the line of Quitman and Clay Counties, in Georgia, was found dying in a pool of blood in his store. A posse of white and colored people, was organized, and after a six mile chase captured the murderer, a colored man, who confessed his crime, giving his name as Ed only. He fired several shots at the posse before capture. The posse tied him, and shot him to death, then piled fence rails on the body, saturated them with oil and burned it.

"MORE than a million dollars have been stolen from the State of Minnesota, mostly from the schools, through frauds in the handling of the pine lands of the Commonwealth," the Senate Pine Lands Committee reports.

EARTHQUAKE IN ZANTE.

The Ionian Island Devastated For the Second Time.

Many People Buried in Ruined Cities and Villages.

The Island of Zante, one of the principal Ionian Islands, was visited by a most destructive earthquake a few mornings ago, resulting in great loss of life and property. In February and March last the island sustained a vast amount of damage by seismic disturbances, and a large number of lives were lost.

This last shock appears to have been most violent in the city of Zante, the greater part of which was destroyed.

The people became panic-stricken and the authorities helpless. The streets were impassable, being filled with masses of stone and timber, the wreckage of the houses which were thrown down by the earthquake.

The bodies of twenty persons killed by falling walls have been removed from the debris, and it was feared that many more dead were still in the ruins. The number of persons injured ran up into the hundreds. Everything was in confusion, and the work of searching for bodies and for the injured could not be pursued systematically.

The greater portion of the inhabitants fled to the plains back of the city, where they wandered about in a distracted manner bewailing the loss of their homes and property. A large number of tents that were taken to Zante to shelter the people who were rendered homeless by the former earthquakes have been again set up, and under them some of the women and children have taken refuge.

The city presents a scene of desolation, and it is doubtful if it ever recovers from the series of misfortunes that have befallen it within the past three months. There is bound to be an enormous amount of suffering, and outside aid will be urgently required to prevent sickness and starvation.

The shock occurred at 7:30 a. m. Most of the buildings that stood erect after the shocks of February and March were either thrown down or shattered so as to be unsafe for occupancy. The Church of St. Dionysius and the Government offices were thrown down.

Advices from the interior show that the whole island has been devastated. Many villages have been destroyed, and it was thought that the loss of life had been very great.

After the first shock two more heavy shocks shook the whole island. The people fled from all the towns to find safety on the plains and hillsides. All were terror stricken. Thousands were without shelter, and few have sufficient food.

The Greek Government acted promptly in rendering aid to the sufferers. The Greek ironclads Hydra and Spezia started for Zanti, having on board a detachment of engineers, as well as provisions and medicines, for the survivors of the calamity.

It is pointed out that the Zante disaster is confirmation of the prediction made a few days before by Professor Falb, who predicted the former earthquakes, that disturbances more serious than the recent ones would occur on that date.

THE LABOR WORLD.

IRON moulders have 307 unions.

CHICAGO, Ill., has 30,000 unemployed.

AMERICA has had 12,089 strikes since 1878.

CANADIAN sailors are settling in Buffalo, N. Y.

THERE are 29,187 miners in the National Union.

QUEENSLAND, Australia, has 11,500 unemployed.

BOSTON (Mass.) cooks have $700 in the benefit fund.

LOS ANGELES unions run a free employment bureau.

KRUPP, the German iron founder, employs 25,000 men.

FRANCE'S 267 strikes last year involved 108,000 workmen.

THE organized clerks of this country have ninety unions at present.

A LARGE number of women are still employed in underground mines in India.

THE American Railway Union was permanently organized the other day in Chicago.

SCANDINAVIAN sailors are said to predominate on vessels of nearly all nationalities.

WHITE phosphorus is destroying the facial bones of London girls in match factories.

SYDNEY, Australia, has appointed a committee to find the reason for hordes of unemployed.

AUBURN, Me., has 30,000 shoe workers. They make from $15 to $20 a week and want an advance.

IN South Africa the Servant Girls' Union requires mistresses to furnish reference from their last girl.

TILE-MAKING employs 20,000 men at Schaumburg-Lippe. They get $115 for six months' work.

ABOUT 3,000 brickworkers leave Canada for the United States every spring and return to their homes in the autumn.

THE eight hour day is in effect for carpenters in forty-seven cities, and nine hours is the rule for union men in 400 towns.

IF the letter carriers of the country get their over-time under the eight-hour law, Uncle Sam will have to shell out a cool million or so.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad employs 54,527 men, according to its report to the Pennsylvania Secretary of Internal Affairs. The Reading Railroad has 28,715 hands.

CO-OPERATION has been successfully entered into by the locked out granite cutters, about 500 of whom are working in thirteen quarries in the State of Maine, which they leased for $100 five months ago. Since then they have sold stones valued at 497,227.

LIBERTY DAWN ASSOCIATION OF HACK DRIVERS, at a recent meeting held in New York City, to protest against the order of livery stable keepers that they must shave off their whiskers, were assured of the sympathy and support of the waiters, who have been ordered by hotel keepers to cut off their mustaches.

MORE than a thousand unemployed workmen, of Milan, Italy, recently formed a procession and marched to the office of the Prefect of the city to demand work. The Prefect had a half hour's interview with a committee of the men, and promised to hurry the plans for the construction of some proposed public works in order to give them employment.

DETROIT'S TRIAL TRIP.

She Develops Twenty Knots and Wins $150,000 Bonus.

The United States cruiser Detroit has proved herself the fastest cruiser of her displacement in the world. In her four-hour trial trip on the Sound, off New London, Conn., she exceeded her contract requirement in the matter of speed by three knots an hour and won for her builders a bonus of about $150,000 for the development of extra speed. She crossed the finish line at a speed slightly over twenty knots. The bonus her builders will get is the biggest won by the ships of the new navy.

A TERRIBLE TORNADO.

Seven People Killed and a Town Almost Destroyed.

News has been received at Little Rock, Ark., of a fearful tornado in Fourche Valley, Scott County. The town of Boles was almost entirely destroyed. Seven persons were killed and a large number injured.

The path of the storm was half a mile in width, and everything was swept before it. The bodies of a number of the killed were carried over half a mile by the storm.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

STICK TO THE FARM.

It is probably true that comparatively few millionaires ever owe their wealth to their direct gains from the farm, Yet agriculture is the basis of most of our national wealth and the part retained by farmers, though not large in any one case, is enormous in the aggregate.

So long as the farmer is making a moderate percent on his capital and using his labor to keep himself and family he is on the way to competence if not to wealth. The increase of money at interest is a common subject of remark. But that interest gain is quite as real and even safe if put in the farm instead of being deposited in bank or loaned to those who may never be able to pay. Stick to the farm.

"MY SPECIAL COMMISSIONER"

This, as the country has been informed, is the title bestowed upon Mr. Blount by President Cleveland in his letter of introduction to President Dole of the Provisional government of Hawaii.

It is a title not known to the Constitution of the United States. That instrument makes mention of "ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls." The President is to appoint them by the advice and with the consent of the Senate. The Senate. The Senate's confirmation makes them ambassadors, ministers and consuls of the United States—not of the President. The Constitution knows nothing about the President's special commissioners.

It is explained that the appointment of Mr. Ridley as Minister to Denmark, in the face of his bad record, that he is the brother-in-law of Senator Voorhees, who is chairman of the Senate Committee on Finance, and upon whom the President will have to depend for assistance in carrying out his financial policy. If this is the true explanation the CAROLINIAN prophesies that Mr. Cleveland will be sick of his contract before he gets through with it. Doing evil that good may come never pays.

Judge William Lochren, the new Commissioner of Pensions, is a Vermonter, and has been so liberal in his political ideas as to be appointed to the Circuit Bench by a Republican Governor in a Republican District in Minnesota, where he now resides, and twice elected without opposition, It looks as though his appointment is one of the best made since March 4.

Senator Stanford, of California, is of the opinion that the Democratic party will be defeated in 1896, because it will be unable to redeem its pledges. If it cuts down the tariff, it will have a deficit in the Treasury. If it does not cut it down, it will have no issue on which to go to the country.

One argument in favor of sub soiling is the advantage gained in the way of drainage. Eleven inches of loose dirt absorb more water, without washing, than six inches. Those who have tried it and practice it, claim, too, that the increased yield's more than pays for the extra work.

It is said that a foolish man at Griffin, Ga., who believes that some day Confederate money will be redeemed, and will be worth dollar for dollar, has a million dollars in Confederate bil's stored away.

This State has now 4,711 pensioners, who will receive more than ever before. The pension tax will probably yield over $110,000. There are 2,818 widows, all of whom are in the fourth class.

The Republican doctrine of Reciprocity carried into effect with Cuba has increased our exports in eighteen months to $32,706,000 against $18,136,669 in the preceding year and a half.

The over production of cotton the past few years and consequent depression in the market has caused a largely increased rice planting, of which Louisiana furnishes fully one half.

The St. Louis Globe Democrat says that if the South wants capital and immigration she will have to bid for them with something better than her present system of State Legislation upon commercial subjects.

It has been variously estimated that the loss to farmers by insects aggregates an average of over three hundred million dollars.

The Republican party never hauled down the American flag, and it never will.

There was a disastrous fire at Kinston on Friday, destroying some ten buildings.

Hogs are dying from cholera in the neighborhood of Weldon.

STUDY THE FARM

If farmers would read and study more about stock and farm management they need not "economize" so much. If they would be more liberal in improving their stock and their farm they would make dollars where rigid economy saves cents. The thought and study required for good farming is harder work for some men than manual labor with the hands, but it pays to read and think and plan.

A vehicle or machine that is properly cared for will do better service and last ten times longer than one that is carelessly knocked about and left exposed to the weather. An animal or fowl that is housed in warm, dry quarters eats less than one that is exposed to cold storms. These are some of the things a farmer who wants to get along needs to look after. He must learn to save. To save labor, save heat, save food, save money! He must study how to do the best thing in the best manner and at the best time.

A GROWING INDUSTRY.

Floriculture, sweetest and purest of the rural arts, is yet the last to receive favor from the Colleges and the Experiment Stations, and the National Department of Agriculture. It lies too far upon the sentimental side of life to have been thought worthy serious attention from scientific men, and it is only now, when the Census shows that it has come to be an important commercial factor in the country, that it is beginning to be accorded a place among the agricultural pursuits.

But floriculture is sentiment still—only the sentiment has become so widespread and so impatient of gratification that an army of professional workmen has arisen to supply it! If the clearing of the land is the first impulse of agriculture, so the cultivation of the æsthetic sense is the last. When twenty thousand people are engaged in commercial floriculture and $26,000,000 reprents the value of a year's products, agriculture is getting ripe!

The people of the United States are showing much eagerness to know all the particulars about the retreat sounded by the representative of the Democratic Administration immediately after his arrival at Honolula. The business of pulling down the Stars and Stripes is bound to be unpopular with this Nation, no matter where it happens.

If General Harrison had permitted Attorney General Miller to have retained his position as director and legal adviser of two interstate railroads, as has Mr. Cleveland his Attorney General, the resources of the Democratic organs in big black-faced type would been exhausted.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1893.

Senator Sherman, than whom there is no higher authority upon questions relating to National finances, says he regards the present situation as being too grave and the questions involved too weighty to warrant careless discussion, and he thinks it would be indelicate in him to either criticize the administration or to offer any suggestions or advice as to what ought to be done. The Senator also said: "I do not know Mr. Carlisle's intensions; have no means of knowing. The democracy is in control, and must be left to deal with these matters in its own way." Whether it is true or not, as reported, that there is a serious difference of opinion between Mr. Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle about the issuing of bonds, it is certain Mr. Carlisle is as much averse to issuing bonds as Gen. Harrison was under the same circumstances, and that he will not do so until he regards it as a last resort to prevent a panic.

Mr. Cleveland wants to threw overboard all the reciprocity agreements made by the last administration, and he will probably do so if public opinion does not set too strongly against such a policy. In order to feel public opinion a statement was made this week that Secretary Gresham had conferred with the ministers of all the countries with which we have such agreements and that they had all expressed a willingness to end them. Nothing strange about that; these agreements were not made for the benefit of the other countries, and they will doubtless very gladly withdraw trade privileges granted to us, if they can still continue to receive the benefit of the McKinley tariff law for which which we exacted these trade privileges. It will require something better than this to reconcile the people of this country, without regard to party; to the abrogation of the reciprocity agreements now in existence.

Senator Murphy found out before he left Washington that even the smallest Federal appointment in New York must be O. K'd by Secretary Lamont before it can be made, and the knowledge added nothing to his pleasure or his admiration for the administration. He discovered it when he filed the papers of a friend for appointment as fourth class postmaster, to succeed a republican who has held the office just four years The appointment not having been made he called on headsman Maxwell, a few days after filing the application, to find out why. Maxwell did not attempt to explain, he merely handed Mr. Murphy the paper of his friend, upon which the following was written in Dan. Lamont's hand writing: "It will be at least a year before any change is made at this office. D. L." The Senator pocketed the papers and left without reasoning his mind of what was evidently a heavy load.

MANY PERSONS

Are broken down from overwork or household cares Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

A Month of Cleveland.

Milwaukee Sentinel.

Mr. Cleveland and a Democratic Congress were elected. They were given the opportunity to enact the tariff and currency legislation which they promised would bring renewed prosperity and build up an impregnable bulwark against calamity. Was it not reasonable to suppose that at the earliest moment they would begin that great and salutary work? Would not the person who, before their entrance into power, had predicted that instead they would have engaged in "a revel in partisan spoils" have been condemned as a pessimist and a cynic of the worst type? Now Mr. Cleveland and his party have been for a month in full control of the Government and its legislation. What have they done? Not a step has yet been taken toward modifying the Republican legislation which it was said is robbing the poor for the benefit of the favored few and threatening the government and the people with bankruptcy. What is the subject of the news that comes daily from Washington? Does it relate to measures for the relief of the burdened and suffering and despairing masses? Not at all. It is all about removals and appointments to office.

No one will seriously claim that the new officials appointed are as a rule superior in character or qualifications to those they supercede. They are not appointed to improve the public service, but solely to reward partisans and personal services.

The Variety of Woods in the State of North Carolina.

The forests of North Carolina include a great variety of valuable trees and it is not generally known that many of the trees and shrubs now familiar to European ornamental and economical use were introduced from North Carolina. The list of these remarkable trees is in part as follows:

Of twenty-two species of oaks in the United States, nineteen are found in North Carolina; of eight species of pine in the United States, eight are found in North Carolina; of five species of spruce in the United States, four are found in North Carolina; of five species of elms in the United States, three are found in North Carolina; of three species of walnuts in the United States, two are found in North Carolina; of five species of beeches in the United States, three are found in North Carolina; of five species of maples in the United States, five are found in North Carolina; of eight species of hicories in the United States, six are found in North Carolina; of seven species of magnolias in the United States, seven are found in this State.

Women Voters in Kansas.

New York Press:

A striking feature of the latt local contests in Kansas was the large number of women who voted. General suffrage has been denied to women—who already enjoy municipal sufferage in that State—on the ground that they neglected to use sufferage they already possessed. The general movement among them th's week was prompted by a concerted determination to disprove this charge. It is an interesting fact that the women divided largely on the old party lines. Mrs. Potter, the female nominee for mayor of Kansas City, a town where 3,600 went to the polls, received forty votes in all, only five of which were cast by her own sex.

The South's Need for Manufactures.

Intelligent Southerners are gradually coming to recognize the folly of the policy of selling a bale of cotton for $40 and buying it back in the form of cloth for $200; of selling wool at 20 cents a pound and paying $2 a pound for the same wool when manufactured. "It is quite evident," says the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "that a complete revival from financial depression and stagnation can best be brought about by the growth of manufactures." Yet the Southern press continues to denounce the factory creating McKinley law.

A Nice Summer Drink.

Boil two pounds of sugar in three pints of water, with one-half cup of flour previously mixed with cold water enough to thin it. Put in the juice and grated rind of two lemons. Boil thoroughly, or about five minutes. When cold add two ounces of tartaric acid. If desired use one lemon and two ounces of any kind of flavoring. Strain, bottle, add two spoonsfuls to two-thirds of a glass of sweetened ice water, and one-fourth of a teaspoon of soda. Drink while it foams. This drink is very refreshing on hot days.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For the cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50 cts, and $1 per bottle at Alex Wadsworth's Drug Store.

That Culminating Atrocity

Pittsburg Commercial Gazette:

It seems quite absurd for Democratic organs to be talking about "conservative" revision of a tariff which the party has denounced as "the culminating atrocity of class legislation."

Practice Vs. Promise.

Mail an Express,

In his speech delivered in this city at the Democratic jubilee, on Nov. 18 last, Mr. Cleveland said: "If we see nothing in our victory but license to revel in partisan spoils we shall fail at every point." What are you doing now, Mr. Cleveland?

To April And the Fair,

Chicago Tribune.

April, thou camest in
Superbly. Spoil not the recollection
Of thy smiling entrance
By any monkey business now.
As much as in thee lies withhold thy tears,
Bless your soul fair April,
There's nothing to cry about,
And if there were March wept enough
To cover the assignment. The wild goose
Is weeks behind her schedule time
In hunting Northern watering places,
Tardily the sassafras woman
Maketh her appearance, and the early fly
Is nowhere. Look you, April,
This is no time for nonsense.
The World's Columbian Exposition,
Rain or shine, will open four weeks hence,
Higinbotham has said it, and it goes.
Don't try to stop it. You will only make yourself
Ridiculous Look pleasant, April,
For eight and twenty days. So shalt thou be
Fairest of the Columbian Year's
Fair daughters, and beneath thy smiling sky,
Grandest of vestibules, the world will march
To see the most bewildering, stupendous, matchless, colossal, overwhelming, magnificent, and gigantic aggregation of wonders ever placed on exhibition since the world began its journey down the toboggan slide of time.

The Commissioner of Agriculture says that reports coming in show that the wheat crop is unusually large and promising. Every report is favorable, and many give the percentage of condition as high as 110. Most all go as high as 100. The Commissioner is gratified at the prospects.

Howl, ye Democrats, howl! Dave J. Gilmer, colored, has just been appointed postal clerk between Washington and Charlotte. He received the papers direct this morning from Superintendent Vickery at Washington.—Greensboro Record.

Mr, Cleveland's Secretary of the Interior has one advantage, even if he does belong to the great Smith family. There is not another Hoke Smith in the world. All letters will reach him without any difficulty.

There are now 101 convicts in the penitentiary proper. Of these 51 are life prisoners. There are 19 female prisoners there out of a total of 52.

There are now 300 notaries public in this State, as appears from the list in the executive office.

Work,
Worry,
and Disease,

are a formidable trio, yet the weak person frequently has to meet all of them at once. How can he overcome them? The answer is with our Compound Oxygen (and ours only). The countless demonstrations of twenty-three years warrants this reply.

Our treatment is available for home use; neither need your occupation be interfered with. The value of these features is obvious. What about your need? A book of explanations and proof is yours to consider if asked for now.

Drs. Starkey & Palen,
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
ap26-1yr.

Notice of Incorporation

State of North Carolina, Pasquotank County, in the office of the Superior Court Clerk. Notice is hereby given of the incorporation of the Elizabeth City Lumber Company; that the names of the incorporators are Clay Foreman, G Frank Derrickson, James B Blades and Lemuel S Blades, and such others as they may associate with them; that the principal place of business shall be in Elizabeth City, N C and its general purpose and business is to buy and sell land and timber, the manufacture and sale of lumber, constructing and operating steam saw mills, merchandise and running and operating steamboats; that the duration of the corporation shall be thirty years. The capital stock is Thirty Thousand Dollars, divided in three hundred shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars each.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C. this the 21st, April, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN, C S.C

SHERIFF'S SALE.

I have this, 1st day of April, 1893, levied upon the lands described below in Pasquotank County for taxes due on same for 1891-2, and will sell the same at the Courthouse door in Elizabeth City, N. C., on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1893.

SALEM TOWNSHIP.

Elizabeth Overton, 20 acres, adjoining the lands of B B Johnson, Bluff Point road and others. Tax 76c, cost 1 85, total $2 61.

Magor Woodhouse, 202 acres, adjoining the lands of J C James and others. Tax 6 60, cost 1 85, total $8 45.

NIXONTON TOWNSHIP.

Aaron Johnson, adjoining the lands of R O Preyor, C W Hollowell's estate and others. Tax 62c, cost 1 85, total $2 47.

Kirkland, 186 acres adjoining the land of G W Brothers sr, Benjamin Pendleton and others. Taxes 12 27, cost 1 85, total $14 12.

W E Overton, 8 acres, a full description will be given on day of sale. Taxes 2 33, cost 1 85, total $4 18.

MT. HERMON TOWNSHIP.

Whit Lewis, 4 acres adjoining land of H C Perry and others. Taxes 20c, cost 1 85, total $2 05.

D Raper heirs, 160 acres adjoining lands of Magor Bell heirs, Main road and others. Taxes 7 92, cost 1 85, total $9 77.

Brush & Averill, 12566 acres adjoining lands of J C Price & Co. E W Sanderlin and others. Taxes 69 08, cost 1 85, total $70 93.

J R Wood's estate, 50 acres adjoining lands of Magor Bell heirs and others. Taxes 1 65, cost 1 85, total $3 50.

PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP

Alexander White, 25 acres, a full description will be given on the day of sale,

ELIZ. CITY TOWNSHIP.

Joshua Neal, 2 town lots adjoining the lots of Riley Lee and others. Taxes 4 48, cost 1 85, total $6 33.

Alfred Turner, 1 town lot corner of Ehringhause and Pulse streets. Taxes 1 65, cost 1 85 total $3 50.

Also at the same time will sell the following property for taxes due the Corporation, levied upon by Thomas Spires, Town Constable.

Mrs C A Pool, 1 town lot on Ehringhause street, adjoining W T Love and Jerry Sawyer. Taxes 1 29, cost 1 85, total $3 14

Daniel Godfrey, 1 lot on south end of Road street. Taxes 57c, cost 1 85, total $2 42.

T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank County,
April 1st, 1893,

WILLIS H. ROGERS,
Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER,
106 FULTON MARKET,
New York.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.
Reference:—Gilrkin & Co., Bankers, Elizabeth City, N C, and other Financials when desired.

CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH.

14 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.
Write for stencils and stationary.

S. B. MILLER,
WHOLESALE
Commision FISH Dealer

7 FULTON FISH M'KT,
New York.
North Carolina Shad a specialty
Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters
Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
No Agents.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
Sam'l M. Lawder & Son,
Wholesale Commission Dealers in
FRESH FISH

Soft Crabs, Tarrapin &c.
S.E. Cor. Pratt & Charles Streets.
BALTIMORE, MD.
Promptness Our Motto.

JNO. POWELL'S SON
& CO.,
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH,

LOBSTERS, TARRAPIN, GREEN TURTLE, &c.,
No. 8 Fulton Wholesale Fish Market,
New York.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns. Established Fifty years. Letters answered.

S. L. STORER & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Turtle, &c
No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,
NEW YORK
Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS.
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCH'TS

And Dealers in Fish
RICHMOND, VA

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.
Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOR SALE BY FOWLER & CO.

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO Repairing, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
SEE SIGN BIG WATCH
Water St, (next door to Overman's co
Elizabeth City, N. C.
Years Experience at Bench

NEW FURNITURE STORE
—0-0—
We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & son, on Water street We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "bottom prices." Goods will also be sold on the stalment plan,
J. B. WILSON & C

DIAMOND No. 4.
RAMBLER

FOR the use of lightweight riders who court the distinction of "flyers."
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EVERY HOUR
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BIG PROFITS
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SPECIAL OFFER! To any lady sending us 18 cents in stamps for a trial trip of 3 months for above offer, and naming the paper in which she saw this advertisement, we will send, free, in addition to all the above, one packet of the celebrated Eckford Sweet Peas, embracing the newest varieties, including Surprise, Ivy Eckford, Splendor, The Queen, Orange Prince, Apple Blossom, etc. Sweet Peas are the most popular and fashionable bouquet flowers now cultivated, and the Eckford Varieties which we offer, are the largest, finest and most celebrated known. They grow to a height of 6 feet, and produce for three months a continuous profusion of fragrant blooms of the most brilliant coloring.

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THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover Commissioners—W. C. Davis. Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, B. L. Banks and W. G. Underwood. Clerk—E. M. Underwood. Treasurer—G. D. B. Pritchard, Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Street Commissioner—Monroe Bright. Fire Commissioners—C. E. Kramer and G. Scott Bell.

Collector of Customs—James C. Brooks Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden, Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. J. W. Stiff, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. S. Blackwell, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W, M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Monro Bright, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council No. 1209—T. Selby Harney, Regent T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; E. M. Underwood, Orator; J. P. Overman, Secretary r. M. Cook Jr, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer; N R. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, Jr., Guide; C. E. Kramer, Representative to Grand Council.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Bufkins. Sheriff, Thos P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Jno. S. Morris. Board of Education. R. B. Creecy jr., N. E. Jones and J. D. Perry. Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. J. Griffin.

PROFESSIONAL.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

C. C. Pool,	Carolinian Building.
J. W. Albertson, jr.	Elliott street,
G. W. Ward,	Elliott street,
J. Heywood Sawyer,	Main street,
F. F. Aydlett,	Mathews street.
W. J. Griffin,	Main street.
J. W. Albertson, sr.	Elliott street.
J. C. Brooks,	Carolinian Building.
F. F. Lamb,	Main street
C. W. Grandy,	Mathews street.
E. M. Underwood,	Main street.
Frank Vaughan,	Carolinian Building.
C. H. Spencer,	Upper Main street.

PHYSICIANS:

W. J. Lumsden,	Road street,
W. W. Griggs,	Church street,
R. N. Cartwright,	Water street,
J. E. Wood,	Church street,
O. G. McMullan,	Pennsylvania Ave.
J. B. Griggs,	Water street

DENTISTS:

J. H. White,	East Main street,
R. B. Swindell,	Water street.

DRUGGISTS:

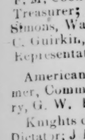
Alex Wadsworth,	Road street,
J. E. Wood,	East Main street,
Griggs & Cartwright,	Water street,
Etheridge & Bro.,	Main street,
O. G. McMullan,	North Water street,

SCHOOLS:

Academy,	S. L. Sheep, Prin'l.
Select School,	I. N. Tillett, "
Primary School,	Mrs. R. H. Reed "
State Normal (col.)	P. W. Moore. "

MISCELLANEOUS.

T.P. WHITE,



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Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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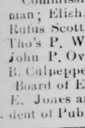
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City. N. C.

F. M. COOK,



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All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.
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Join the *LOUIS SELIG* SOLID GOLD WATCH CLUB and secure a handsome time-piece for the small payment of

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Club now being formed for both ladies' and gentlemen' sizes.

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Water St., near Market.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY. PRICE, 25C
Salvation Oil "Kills all Pain." Try it! Only 25c.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. April 26, 1893

☞ Strawberries about ready for shipment, and peas soon will be.

☞ The indications are more favorable for good crops than for years.

☞ There is considerable of the last year's crop of corn still remaining unsold in this county.

☞ Up to date fewer chattel mortgages have been given than usual in this county.

☞ Tyrrell Court at Columbia this week, and Dare Court at Manteo next week. Light dockets at both.

☞ Eligible building sites for Factories of any kind can be secured at Elizabeth City on decidedly favorable terms.

☞ A telegram was received yesterday announcing the death, at Seguin, Texas, of Mr. John Ehringhaus, formerly of Elizabeth City

☞ Building has begun at Fairville, late Elizabeth City Fair Grounds. Five dwelling houses have already been put up, and more soon will be.

☞ Since the dividing of the old "Morgan farm," on the West side of North Road street, into lots, new streets have been opened and a number of neat new buildings have been put up, with others under way, thus extending the town in that direction.

☞ It is reported that among the applicants to the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General is one who represents himself as "a battle-scared veteran!" Whether the spelling reformers have been around his way and induced him to drop all superfluous letters is not reported, but this, unhappily, is one of the cases where the double r makes all the difference in the world.

☞ Those interested in good roads, and how to make and keep them so—and all ought to be—should not only obtain a few ideas from Mr. O. F. Baxter, but they should visit his place and see how he applies them. It would be a profitable object lesson—the seeing of theory demonstrated in practice. It is an easy matter to make a thing appear very plausable in theory, but it is the practical utility that tells and convinces. And this is what Mr. Baxter is doing—exemplifying "words by works." If his plan was adopted on our public roads we could and would have as good roads as anywhere.

☞ A dispatch was received on Sunday summoning the Pasquotank Rifles to assist the Sheriff of Craven in ejecting some 5,000 colored people from their homes at James City; it was subsequently countermanded, but Colonel Wood and Adj't Albertson went. There is two sides to the matter. These people have occupied the land ever since the war and built homes thereon. Some years ago a Mr. Bryan, claiming title, brought suit to get possession. It was finally carried to the Supreme Court and was decided in his favor. The colored people, evidently prompted by bad advisers, refused to obey the mandate of the Court. Of course it is a hardship, but it is worse than folly to attempt to resist legal authority.

☞ One of the live and successful Truckers of this locality is Mr. Noah Trueblood. He is cultivating some fifteen acres on the Western suburb of the City, and is one of the earliest in market with all the seasonable vegetables. He, too, has adopted the advice of the CAROLINIAN, to combine brain and muscle—to think as well as work. By careful reading, thoughtful study and patient experimenting, running through a period of some fifteen years, he has learned the special kind of treatment each variety of vegetable needs, and he applies it. The editor visited his place the other day and the evidences of intelligent management and industry he saw did him good. Men like Mr. Trueblood, Captain Waters, Mr. Baxter, Mr. Pool and a few others, are demonstrating what the lands hereabout may be made produce.

☞ The man who attempts to play the Good Samaritan in windy weather is not always sure of receiving all the thanks to which, his spirit of good-fellowship considered, he is entitled. There was a striking example of this on one of our streets the other day. A man's hat, a nice beaver, was carried from his head by a gust of wind and went skimming on the ground like a swallow. A good-natured man prepared to do a good deed. Being of rotund form, he put out his arms to balance himself and tried to stop the hat with his foot. Of course the owner of the errant headwear was in hot pursuit. He was so close that the foot intended for the hat caught the owner on the shins and there was a fine crash about that time. Perhaps the sprinter who went to earth might have forgiven the other had not his hat been badly wrecked in the fall. As it was, he looked angrily at his new-found friend, and indulged in some ugly "cuss" words. They parted, each disgusted with the other.

☞ Don't grow weary in well doing. You'll "get there" after a while.

..... Melick's Baby Carriage from $5 up,

☞ There are a thousand hacking at the branches of evil to one who is striking at the root.

☞ Don't take medicine in the dark, and don't take it in the light, either, if you can tide over without it.

—— You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.

☞ To the inquiry, "What is an 'Anglophobist?'" the CAROLINIAN replies, one who hates England or the English.

.....Wall Paper at Melick's; complete line and lowest prices. Country Merchants furnished with samples.

☞ There are two freedoms—the false, where one is free to do what he likes, and the true, where he is free to do what he ought.

.....Try Robinson & Co.'s French Peas California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears.

☞ The darkest hour in the history of any young man is when he sits down to study how to get money without honestly earning it.

—A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s If you can't call and examine send for samples.

☞ Put bones in the stove and allow them to burn white, when they can be easily pulverized. Mix this with corn meal and feed often to the fowls.

☞ For the information requested by R. C. F., the CAROLINIAN refers him to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C, whose card appears in another column.

——Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

☞ It is claimed by some horticulturists that winter pruning while the sap is down develops vigorous wood growth, while summer pruning tends to check this and encourages fruit production.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of ENGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kind of Pictures in the latest and best styles. Call and examine specimens and get price

☞ A patent medicine is advertised to reduce swellings in the neck. If it could be made to prove efficacious a little higher up the list of those who could use it with beneficial results would be largely increased.

—BEFORE YOU TRAVEL call upon M. B. Culpepper, Ticket Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., or address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 76 Main street, Norfolk Va.

——Ladies and Misses Newmarkets, $2.50 each at Fowler & Co.'s. They were carried over from last year and must be sold. Also a lot of children's cloaks, size from from four to six years, from $1.25 up.

☞ An explanation of the origin and meaning of the expression, "pig-headed" is given thus: "You get a pig in a potato patch, open a gap in the fence and try to drive him out. He will see that gap as well as you, but he'll run past it a hundred times and set your soul on fire. Finally he'll walk quietly out." That is the meaning of pig-headed. Did you ever see any pig-headed folks?

——A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each a Fowler & Co.'s to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold a cut price,

☞ The CAROLINIAN is asked, "What is the meaning of the phrase, 'The Macedonian cry,' and where did it originate?" It means a cry for help, and is based upon a passage in the 10th chapter of the Acts of the Apostles, verse 9, which reads as follows: "And a vision appeared to Paul in the night; and there stood a man of Macedonia, and prayed him, saying: 'Come over into Macedonia and help us.'"

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N C

—THE ROYAL BLUE LINE is the finest and fastest Railroad in the world. Address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Norfolk, Va., or apply to M. B. Culpepper Elizabeth City, N. C., for lowest rates to all points.

☞ There is a jealous controversy between the leaders of the Democratic factions over the distribution of Federal patronage. It excites only a languid interest among the people. It is a conflict of politicians for supremacy, and in such selfish strife few of those who in campaigns and at elections are arrayed under the different party banners desire to take any part, or care particularly which faction succeeds in capturing the spoils. The great majority of citizens are busily attending to their own affairs and do not concern themselves with the parceling out of offices, further than to hope that the public business will be honestly and efficiently conducted, whoever draws the prizes.

☞ To get the local news you have got to take the CAROLINIAN.

☞ See incorporation notice of "The Elizabeth City Lumbel Company."

☞ We acknowledge a special invitation to attend the World's Public Press Congress at Chicago on May 22.

☞ Cotton at Norfolk: Good middling 7 15-16; middling, 7 5-8; low middling 7 3-16; goodordinary, 6 7-15. Corn, 50

LOCAL MENTION

Moving right in.—With some people discretion is the better part of virture.—Col. Guirkin, who since the operation on his eyes has been keeping in a darkened room, reports the indications favorable for restoration of sight.—The oyster packing season is closing. Several of the houses will get ready to put up peas and green corn.—A down town groceryman on asking a customer the other day to settle his bill was told: "My dear fellow, I'll pay you in time." "I prefer it in money," was the reply.—Less arguments and more work will make a person better off.—In speaking of sentiment and action, the local poet writes:

Sentiment is well enough,
But we must judge by facts,
A watch, for instance, by its works,
A drama by its acts.

—The CAROLINIAN acknowledges pleasant calls on Thursday from Dr. R. E. Parker, of Suffolk, and Mr. J. A. Johnson, of Newport News.—The Stoller notices a very neat dwelling house on Race street, just finished for Isaac Leigh by Dempsey Griffin, contractor.—It is an odd fact that the duties of most missionaries are to go to the bad.—Next to knowing when to seize an opportunity, the most important thing in life is to know when to forego an advantage.—It was at a party and all were glad, at least so reports the Versifier:

"I cannot sing the old songs"
She sang in accents sad,
And every one who stood around
And heard, were mighty glad.

—The schooner "Showell," of Baltimore, sunk at Mackeys Creek a few weeks ago, has been purchased by Capt. Geo, Swindell and is on Pailin's Ways for repairs.—Mr. Lewis C. Mason, of Norfolk, and Miss Irene Holland, of Portsmouth, were married here by Rev. Mr. Harrell on Friday.—The early planted tomatoes are in bloom.—"My old man," said Aunt Cloe, "is de worst man for chicken you ever see. If he can't get a chicken no other way he'll go an' buy one."—How sad it makes a man to observe a five dollar hat on a ten cent head.—Now let the work on the brick sidewalks proceed.—Happyiness is oft a bright and beautiful butterfly which many chase but few capture.—The Rhymer thus refers to the defeated office-seeker:

The man who reaches for a plum,
And gets it not,
Knows there are other lips as dumb,
And hearts as hot.

—What a crowd of people in town on Saturday. Trade was active.—It was in the First Ward. "What's that noise up stairs?" "Sister is singing to kill time till her beau comes." "Well time seems to die hard, doesn't it?"—Toothsome speckled perch plentiful in market now.—Lieutenant Gooding and his family are now located here and will be agreeable and welcome additions to our social circle. The Lieutenant has given the CAROLINIAN several pleasant call.—A couple of neighbors in the First Ward had a little "misunderstanding" the other day which cost them $3.25 each in the Mayor's Court.—The Skating Rink continues to "draw." It does good in that it keeps young men away from the saloons.—I never tried to put on style, said the Carpenter. I'm a plane, every day person.—The Adviser, who, in early April, wrote:

My friend be not indiscreet,
Though to-day is warm and fair,
But cling for three weeks more, at least,
To your winter underwear,

was wise—A man is either a fool or a knave who buys without the means to pay.—Mr. Thos. H. Brush, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was in town on Saturday. He called and paid his respects.—The Rambler reports ten more new houses in course of construction in different parts of the city.—If you want printing neatly and cheaply executed, call at the CAROLINIAN office.—Clean up your premises and keep them so. Neatness as well as sanitary safety demands it, and so, too, very properly, do the town authorities.—The Weater Kicker gives xpression to his feelings thusly:

To tell the truth I'm sorely vexed,
The weather wakes my ire,
I can't determien if I next
Will shiver or perspire.

—The colored Presbyterians are arranging to build a Church on Martin treet south of Shephard.—When certain local Democrats who fairly "tore their shirts" in the late campaign are told that they are now simply "back numbers" and "not in it," it isn't any marvel they should grind their teeth in rage.—Quite a number of our people went to the "Rendezvous" last week and report that the great war ships were grand sights to see.—Dr. J. H. White has moved into his new house on Upper Main street.—Dorsey Battle, esq., Manager of the Keeley Institute at Rocky Mount, was in the city the other day and gave us a call.—Lieutenant W. A. Failing and family left on Monday, to take charge of Life Saving District, head quarters at Milwaukie Both he and his estimable wife will be missed as they were general favorites here.—Rev. Charles C. Brothers spent the past week here on a visit to his parents, on Road street.—Hon. P. H. Morgan, the newly appointed Superintendent of the Life Saving Stations for this District, was in the city on Monday and gave the CAROLINIAN a call.—A couple of capitalists from Boston are spending a few days here prospecting.—Mrs D. D. Raper, of Edenton, who has been on a visit to friends here, has gone back home.—There will be an "Observation Sociable," under the auspices of the Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church to morrow night at the residence of Mrs. E. G. Thompson, on Road street.—A dramatic Monologue will be performed at the Opera House next Wednesday night by Miss Adelaide Wescott, for benefit of the Y. M. C. A.—Our former townsman Mr. L. R. Heath, now at Berkley, Va., was here on a short visit this week.

It Should be In Every House

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay street, Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, Cookstort, Pa, claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung trouble. Try it. Free trial bottles at Alex Wadsworth's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c and $1

Jack Brady, colored, was hanged at Bendersville, N. C., on the 22d inst, for the murder of L D Taylor, a white man, last August.

FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Nervousness, Indigestion and Biliousness, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

EXECUTOR' NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the late Sarah Bright I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JESSIE G. BRIGHT,
Executor of Sarah Bright, dec'd.
April, 6th, 1893.

Hemi-half. Cranio-scull. Hemicrania.
Half a headache, that heretofore incurable pain on one side of the head, known as Me-grim. **Megrimine** a cure for Megrim and all forms of Headache, Neuralgia, or other Severe and Painful Attacks,
Cures Permanently.
FOR SALE BY JOHN L. SAWYER, Water Street. Elizabeth City, N. C,

GRAND MONEY CROPS,

Highly Improved Field Seed.

To raise pork for 2½ cents per pound you should plant the Improved Jerusalem Artichoke, quite distinct from the common pickling kind; little or no trouble to cultivate; suits any section of the U. S.; yields 400 to 1000 bushels per acre; an acre in them will fatten 30 to 40 head large hogs. Price, 3 lbs., post-paid, 75c; by express or freight as follows: Peck $1; half bushel $1.50, bushel $2.50, barrel of three bushels $6. A barrel is required to plant an acre. Full directions for cultivating, feeding &c. with every order.

We have the "Farmer's Pride" field corn, highly improved by ourselves for 27 years past, acknowledged by leading Agricultural Experiment Stations and thousands of leading farmers to be the best, prettiest and most prolific corn known. Quite early, matures in 100 days; pure white, has large very deep grained ears; grains are very flinty; weighs 60 pounds to the bushel; often shells over a pound of corn from a single ear; grains are nearly an inch long, very wide and flinty. It has taken over 50 first-class premiums in different corn-growing States in the past seven years. Last, but not least, we guarantee it to make at least a fourth more per acre on same quality of land than if planted in any other crop. Notice this: We will give $100.00 in cash for a sample of better white field corn. Prices: Samples 10c, package of half pound 35c, three pounds $1, post-paid. By freight or express as follows: Half peck $1, peck $1.50, half bushel $2.50, bushel $4. All over this amount at one time $3.50 per bushel.

We have also the wonderful Texas Paper Shell Pecan Trees, perfectly hardy anywhere an oak or hickory grows. Nuts three times the size of the ordinary hard shell. Fine one year trees by express $1 for three, $3 per dozen; 27 enough for an acre; $6 per 100, or more 20c each.

If you wish to see a full descriptive circular of all our specialties before ordering send your address on a postal card at once. This adv is for scientific pushing farmers who know the value of good seeds and know that to read is well, to act is better. In ordering do not send stamps, we have more now than we can use. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect or money refunded. Address at once:

CAROLINA SEED CO.,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ Headquarters at Etheridge & Etheridges Drug Store, Corner of Main and Poindexter streets.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,
Successor to JOHN H. ZIEGLER,
Dealer in all Kinds of
Undertakers' Supplies,
From the cheapest to the best. All telegrams promptly attended to.
CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS
when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cottoneverest and Metalic Caskets a specialty. At the old stand on Ebringhause street.
☞ All kinds of Cabinet work done.

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COMPLETE MANHOOD AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years. 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every Man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would shun for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. If convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone Address the publishers

ERIE MEDICAL CO.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect March 1st, 1893.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11:35 A. M., and at 5:50, P. M. Northbound, daily except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:40 P. M., and 9 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, thence by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belhaven: connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Aurora, Makely ville, South Creek, Washington and intermediate landings.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M. for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping as for Neuse Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows, From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props.
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.

First class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

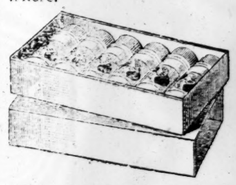
HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules are compounded from a prescription widely used by the best medical authorities and are presented in a form that is becoming the fashion everywhere.



Ripans Tabules act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cure dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One tabule taken at the first symptom of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating, or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained of nearest druggist.

Ripans Tabules are easy to take, quick to act, and save many a doctor's bill.

DRUM MAJOR.

OF THE **Grocery Business.**

RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!
EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!
16 oz. Pounds.
DOING JUST AS WE ADVERTISE!
KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!

Putting Go in attractive style. Cleanliness and promptness. Buying for cash and selling for cash. These are a few of the many reasons for our

GETTING THERE!

Our music is a little hard for some of our brother grocers to dance to, but we can't help that. They are too slow. We can't wait. Life is too short. DON'T BE A SNAIL, Join the procession; Go with the crowd and buy your.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Tin-ware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Plaster Hair, Shingles, &c.

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, NC

WE ✻ POINT WITH ✻ PRIDE! ✻

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of afresh new seasonable novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are now located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want. We have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

✻R. SALOMONSKY✻

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE.

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICE

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty year and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery. Paints, Oils, Le Zinc, Varnishes and colors. Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandle Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality

MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

RAILROAD, FARM, GARDEN,
Cemetery, Lawn, Poultry and Rabbit Fencing.
THOUSANDS OF MILES IN USE. CATALOGUE FREE. FREIGHT PAID.
THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.,
114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

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SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.
Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, and their widows, now entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Thousands entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

$65 A MONTH AND BOARD for 3 AGENTS—Teachers, Students, Ministers, or Bright Young Men or Ladies in each county, to take orders for the
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of the year. Above salary or highest commissions paid. Exclusive territory and 30 days credit given. ☞ Send for circular and terms to Agents.
P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 112 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

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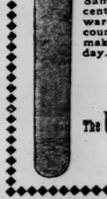
LIVE AGENTS



In every town in each state to sell our Solid Columbian Silver Table Knives and Forks; these goods are not plated goods but solid, and will hold their color equal to sterling silver goods and will cost only about one-quarter the prices of solid sterling silver. The goods are sold by agents only and we warrant them to stand the test of years or refund the money, a guarantee will go with each dozen and backed up by an old reliable company which has the reputation of making the best goods on the market. Samples sent on reciept of 25 cents, for which we will forward you our prices and discount to agents. Agents make from 10 to 25 dollars per day.

—ADDRESS—
The Upson & Hart Co.
Unionville, Conn.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT
REMOVES CORNS, BUNIONS AND WARTS
SPEEDILY AND WITHOUT PAIN.
HERMAN BROS PROPRIETORS SAVANNAH GA.

A BIG CYCLONE.

An Enormous Storm Passes Over the Continent.

Fourteen Lives Lost in the Milwaukee (Wis.) Crib.

A terrific storm raged over the country east of the Rocky Mountains, the lake crib of the city of Milwaukee was destroyed, and fourteen men lost their lives; many exhibits at the World's Fair buildings in Chicago were damaged.

The storm ranged from the Gulf to beyond the Canada border and from the Rockies out over the Atlantic.

A dispatch from Milwaukee, Wis., says: In a gale which for years has not been equalled on the great lakes, the crib at the end of the intake tunnel, some 2000 feet out in the lake, was washed away, and of seventeen men who were employed there in the shaft which reaches to the shore, but three were known to be alive.

The balance were believed to have been drowned. Some were doubtless washed off by the huge billows which have been tumbling on the shore, and others perished in the air-shaft, where they sought shelter, and which is now filled with water.

The people living along the shore were horrified at daylight when they could see no vestige either of the crib or the house that surmounted it. The entire property, as far as the eye could reach, was one spectacle of seething, boiling, roaring billows, that seemed to unite with the clouds.

On the beach were two lumber-laden rafts that had vainly sought shelter behind the breakwater, and the shore was strewn with the wreckage. Another fear was that the leak in the bottom of the shaft would soon fill and drown the men. Foreman Barbour said he knew that there were at least seventeen men in the crib.

At 12 o'clock an effort was made to reach the wreck of the crib on a tug boat, but it was unsuccessful. An hour later the tug Welcome took a lifeboat in tow and steamed out to the crib.

Only one man was found alive at the crib and he was brought ashore in an unconscious condition. His name is John Miller.

A search will be made for the bodies of the drowned men as soon as the lake becomes a little safer.

A telegram from Chicago says: The storm was the worst experienced for years. At the World's Fair Grounds the east lagoon bridge, leading to the naval exhibit, was undermined by the waves from Lake Michigan. The Government building looks as though a volley of musketry had been fired at its eastern front, the glass being shattered in countless places, through which the rain poured.

The great dome, with its elaborate and costly decorations, is water-soaked, and will require much work to put it in condition again. Books and pictures in the education department were found lying on the floor water-soaked, and in the engineering department of the war exhibit many models are badly damaged and rendered useless. The Patent Office Department, too, fared badly, a large number of models being found wet and rusty.

The postoffice on the west side of the building had a good soaking. The Manufactures' building sprung leaks in scores of places and much glass is missing from the roof. The bulk of the damage is in the gallery, which, in a measure, protected the main floor.

The buildings, on the whole, stood the storm fairly well, but much of the decorations were blown away.

High winds, approaching tornadoes in severity, and accompanied by rain, snow, and hail, have again played havoc with telegraph wires throughout the West. Neither company had a workable wire further west than Des Moines, and it was difficult to do business with that point. Throughout Iowa, Wisconsin, western Illinois, Nebraska, and Missouri the wires were practically useless, and communication was cut off from Mississippi and Louisiana. East of Chicago, also, the wires were either down or largely useless, and heavy wind storms were reported from Ohio and western Pennsylvania.

Advices from Detroit say: One of the heaviest gales ever known on the Lakes has just occurred, the wind attaining a velocity of over seventy miles an hour. The damage done along the river front is quite severe. In the neighborhood of Belle Isle bridge, steam and sailing yachts and catboats anchored close to the docks were smashed against each other, roofs of boat houses were lifted off, and floating docks lifted up on the land. The boat houses and contents of the Detroit Boat Company and Hermann Schmidst were wrecked, and a number of small yachts belonging to the same firm and other firms were driven high on the land and suffered severe damage.

Property in Ypsilanti, Mich., has received injury by rain. Stocks of goods which had been left uncovered by the unroofing of the buildings by the tornado of a few days ago were wet and rendered almost useless. The postoffice was afloat, and it was almost impossible to get into it for the mail. It is estimated that the loss will be $70,000.

While the wind was blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour the workmen in the Big Four car repair shops at Brightwood, Ind., noticed the roof and walls shaking, and as a precautionary measure they all climbed into box cars which were in the building for repairs. The next instant the whole building collapsed, but the cars were strong enough to support the big timbers and not a man of the twenty at work was injured. The building was 600 feet long and 150 feet wide. The Big Four freight depot at the same place, an immense building 600 feet long and fifty feet wide, was razed by the wind, and the debris scattered for a great distance.

News was also received of a fearful cyclone that swept down Fourche valley in Arkansas, a few days ago, leaving death and havoc in its wake. The town of Boles, sixteen miles north of Dallas, Polk County, was almost swept off the map. Buildings and outhouses and fences were blown half a mile and shattered in fragments. Trees were uprooted and blown in the roads. It is known that seven persons were killed.

At noon a terrific cyclone passed through the valley just south of Fayetteville, Ark. Its path was 300 yards wide, leaving a barren waste behind it. It swept over everything, uprooted trees, tore down fences, destroyed houses. Many homes were utterly demolished. Out of one family, whose name is Wright, consisting of eight persons, not one escaped injury.

A frightful tornado crossed Jasper and Clarke counties, Mississippi. The cyclone originated in Jasper County, thirty-five miles south of Meridian, and traveled in a northwesterly direction. A settlement of colored cabins was destroyed and many of the unfortunates perished.

A cyclone struck Midland City, Ala., and destroyed a dozen houses, four stores and two warehouses. The cyclone lasted but a few minutes and no one was killed, although a number of persons were seriously bruised.

A destructive hail-storm visited Ardmore, Indian Territory, tearing down growing vegetation and crops. A cyclone struck Kaney Hollows, near there, tearing down several houses and injuring several persons, some probably fatally. The storm cut a swath about 300 yards wide and laid the big timbers to the ground. It is reported that one man was killed by hailstones.

The rainy fringe of the cyclone of continental diameter passed over New York and brought down from the northeast a gale that attained at times a velocity of forty-nine miles in the city, and, down beyond Sandy Hook, in the open, reached the dignity of a hurricane. Little damage was done. Snow fell to the depth of three inches in Sullivan County and parts of Orange and Pike, in New York State. In some parts of Sullivan County the snow banks piled up during the winter had not yet melted, and near Liberty there were highways impassable on account of the snow.

Some damage was also done along the New Jersey coast by the storm.

According to the Weather Bureau, the cyclone was the most extensive that had ever swept across the country and got on the records. Its westerly edge was away out in the Dakotas, while its easterly limit was conjectured to be far at sea on the Atlantic. It extended northward from the Gulf of Mexico beyond the Canada border.

ANTARTIC SEALING.

Dundee Whalers Make Remarkable Catches of Fur Seals.

News has reached Dundee, Scotland, that the three Dundee whalers which went to the Antartic Ocean last autumn are returning unsuccessful as far as whaling is concerned, but that they found an enormous number of fur seals. One vessel alone is said to have 60,000 skins on board. It is reported that the skippers prevented the scientists who accompanied the expedition from taking observations in order to preserve the secrets of the whereabouts of the sealing grounds.

RUSSIAN newspapers contain official advertisements for physicians who will be sent to Central Russia as soon as the cholera becomes generally epidemic there.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

JOHN HILL, a colored lad nineteen years of age, who shot and killed Joseph Dodson, aged twenty-one years and also colored, on October 16, has been hanged at Camden, N. J.

THE United States cruiser Machias was given her first preliminary trial on the river at Bath, Me. Her engines developed no weakness or defects, and her engineers are well satisfied. She averaged 12¼ knots with nothing like a full head of steam, and experts are confident she will make over fourteen knots.

DURING a free fight among a mob of Huns and Polanders, who were all drunk, in Plymouth, Penn., Stanislaus Jacoboski was killed by Michael Pulinski. Two others were fatally wounded.

PROFESSOR PICKERING, of Harvard College, made observations of the total eclipse on the heights of Mina Avis, Chile. It was seen in all its phases and many fine photographs were taken.

IN Honduras the revolutionists have carried almost everything before them.

THE Argentine man-of-war Nueve de Julio arrived at New York, from Newcastle, England, where she was built. Her speed has been ascertained to be twenty-three knots an hour, and it is claimed that she is the fastest cruiser afloat. After coaling she sailed for Hampton Roads, Va.

DUKE OF VERAGUA and his party on the third day after their arrival in New York were photographed and visited several Catholic institutions in company with Archbishop Corrigan.

OLD No. 1, otherwise John Bull, the first railroad locomotive in America, imported in 1831, started with the primitive coaches from Jersey City, N. J., via the Pennsylvania route for Chicago and the World's Fair.

IN Grace Church, New York City, at high noon the Rev. Dr. Huntington, assisted by Bishop Potter, married Miss Cornelia Martin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, to William George Robert, fourth Earl of Craven, aged twenty-five. Miss Martin is but sixteen years and five months old. Her family is very wealthy.

DUKE OF VERAGUA and his brother, the Marquis de Barboles, held a reception at the Waldorf, New York City, and later were formally received by the city officials in the Governor's Room at the City Hall.

THOMAS M. BARR & CO., of New York City, wholesale dealers in coffee, brokers and speculators in that commodity, have failed for about $3,0,000.

THE famous gun "Long Tom," which played such a part in the history of this country in the war of 1812, arrived at New York, bound for the World's Fair, on board the Portuguese steamship Vega, Captain Rosa, from Lisbon, via the Azore Islands.

South and West.

WILLIAM BOND has been hanged at Rockville, Md. He was pronounced dead in eight minutes. He murdered and outraged Margaret Cephas.

THE home of Charles White, nineteen miles north of Jacksonville, Oregon, on Rouge River, was burned. His son Clarence, aged seven, perished in the flames, and in attempting to save the boy Mrs. White was badly burned.

ALEXANDER W. QUARRIER, clerk in the Secretary of State's office, was drowned at Charleston, W. Va., with Miss Ella Young, of Missouri, while out boating.

W. L. GILLIS, of Chicago, and Mamie Wilson were found dead at Fisback's Hotel, Louisville, Ky. At first it looked like a case of double suicide, but it turned out that the woman gave the man drugged whisky and then shared the deadly poison.

THE Jean Bart and the Giovanni Bausan, French and Italian warships, joined the fleet in Hampton Roads, Va.

THE passenger steamer Nolly Bly, owned by J. F. Fishborn & Co., of Winnamac, Ind., was making a trip down the river when her boiler exploded, seriously injuring eight persons.

WILLIAM SIGLER, of Lima, Ohio, has confessed that he murdered his brother six years ago.

WILLIAM HARDIN killed a Mexican at Kingston, New Mexico, and was pursued by a mob and lynched.

JOHN SCHARDT, cashier of the Mechanics' Savings Bank, Nashville, Tenn., was discovered to be short in his accounts to the amount of $40,000, and confessed to having embezzled that amount of the bank's funds. The bank made an assignment.

AUDITOR ACKERMAN made a report at Chicago, Ill., showing that the building of the World's Fair had already cost $16,708,826, twice the sum paid for the Paris Exposition, and more must yet be paid out. The snow storms and severe weather necessitated an extra expense of $12,000. There is at present a cash balance of $636,396, and $2,391,293 is due on contracts.

THREE of four persons of a pleasure party from Bay View, Cal., were drowned in San Francisco harbor by the capsizing of their skiff. Henry Schroeder and sister, George Reinfeldt and wife were in the party. Mrs. Reinfeldt was rescued.

FIVE British warships, a Dutch cruiser and a French cruiser joined the fleet at anchor in Hampton Roads, Va.

THE Mechanics' Savings Bank and Trust Company of Nashville, Tenn., made an assignment, caused by the defalcation of its cashier.

GERMANY'S two representatives for the naval review, the Kaiserin Augusta and Scandler, arrived in Hampton Roads, Va., and the usual salutes were exchanged.

FIVE men were killed and four injured in an explosion in the Bush-Ivanhoe tunnel in Colorado.

A DESTRUCTIVE hail, wind and rain storm passed through Warsaw, Ind., clearing a strip about 200 yards wide entirely across the country. The town of Gravelton was completely wrecked.

CHARLES FOX and Edward McClerg, workmen, were killed by the explosion of the boiler of J. C. Kelch's sawmill at Greenville, Ohio.

Washington.

THE unofficial list of members-elect of the House of Representatives for the Fifty-third Congress shows that of the 356 seats but one is vacant, that caused by the election of Representative Lodge to the Senate. The Democrats will have 220 Representatives, the Republicans 127 and the People's Party 8.

THE President made the following nominations: Richard H. Alvey, of Maryland, to be Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, of the District of Columbia; Martin F. Morris, of the District of Columbia, to be Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals, of the District of Columbia; Seth Shepard, of Texas, to be Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals, of the District of Columbia; Lucius Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, to be Recorder of the General Land Office.

THE Treasury Department decided to accord to the exhibitors at the World's Fair the privilege of gratuitous distribution of their samples, catalogues, descriptions, etc., so far as these may relate to the articles exhibited.

THE absence of the Czar in Crimea was given in Washington as the reason for the delay in confirming the extradition treaty.

THE Senate held its last executive session, and every nomination made by the President up to date was confirmed, with the single exception of Hewson E. Lannon, to be United States Marshal for Delaware.

SECRETARY CARLISLE directed the Sub-Treasuries throughout the United States to issue no more gold certificates at present. The reason is that the Treasury Gold Reserve is down to the $100,000,000 limit.

THE President has nominated Joseph S. Miller, of West Virginia, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue. He served in this same capacity under Cleveland's previous Administration; also John W. Riddle, of Minnesota, to be Secretary of the Legation of the United States to Turkey.

THE treaty between the United States and Ecuador, by which the right to acquire a coaling station on one of the Galapagos Isles is given the United States, failed of ratification by the Senate because of the pressure of other business. The treaty does not become void.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

HERR KRUPP, the German gunmaker, has an income of over $1,000,000.

ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL MAXWELL was a devoted fireman in his younger days.

JOHN C. ROCKEFELLER, the millionaire oil magnate, is a great advocate of physical exercise.

THE Duke of Oporto, brother of the King of Portugal, is one of the finest flute players in the world.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE (who took her first name from the city of her birth) is seventy-three years old.

JOSIAH QUINCY, the Assistant Secretary of State, is a strong believer in cremation as a means of disposing of the human dead.

LORD SHANNON, of England, is known among his friends as the "Cowboy Peer." Before his succession to the title he served on a ranch in Manitoba.

PRINCE ROLAND BONAPARTE, who is devoted to science, is going to make a study of the Indians of New Mexico and Colorado during his World's Fair visit.

THE heir apparent of the British throne, Prince George of York, has paid a visit to Rome, and has complimented both the King of Italy and the Pope with a call.

ALBERT B. OSBORNE, Mayor of Corry, Penn., is but twenty-six years old and the youngest Mayor of any city in Pennsylvania, or probably in the United States.

THE highest salary drawn by a diplomatist is that of M. Waddington, the French Ambassador to London. His salary is $90,000 a year, besides which he has a large private income.

CLARA MORRIS, the actress, has accepted an invitation from the World's Congress of Representative Women at the World's Fair to speak on the subject, "Women on the Stage."

M. TURPIN, the inventor of melinite, begged for one more night in jail, when he was recently released from a French prison under pardon. He was busy writing a scientific treatise and wanted to finish the chapter he was engaged on.

MR. PRYOR, the oldest clerk in the Pension Office, at Washington, has returned to work after an absence of over a year. He is ninety years old and has been in the department for forty years. He is an authority on the history of soldiers in the Revolutionary War.

THERE died in Jamaica, Long Island, N. Y., a few days ago Thomas J. Wayne, grandnephew of "Mad Anthony," who bore a striking resemblance to that Revolutionary general. Mr. Wayne was ninety-two years old and is survived by his third wife, whom he married six years ago.

LADY ABERDEEN a few days ago made an excursion by moonlight to Blarney, and there, by candle light, kissed the "Blarney stone" in order to qualify herself before going out to the Irish village at the Chicago exhibition, where she is to be "at home" most of the time in a cottage.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

DROUGHT is damaging Italian crops.

HORSES are unusually cheap this spring.

FLORIDA prevents cholera with oranges.

TEXAS planters will reduce cotton acreage.

THE Paris Morgue has more bodies than ever.

THERE is a good outlook for grain in the northwest.

A 500,000 acre Texas ranch now pastures 1,500,000 sheep.

ONLY two Americans were naturalized in England last year.

KENTUCKIANS are agitating a removal of the Capital to Louisville.

THE Governor of Florida appointed 333 Notaries Public last year.

THE Argentine Government owns the fastest cruiser in the world.

THE population of London increases at the rate of 200 persons per day.

TWELVE MILLION free dinners were given to London's poor children last year.

CANADA has just prorogued the shortest parliamentary session in her history.

THE exodus from Canada to New England numbers from 200 to 300 on every train.

IT is said the Western roads count on 15,000,000 passengers to the World's Fair from this country alone.

CALIFORNIA has 54,831 acres devoted to peach culture, or nearly as much as the orange-growing area.

THE first edition of the Bible for the use of the Gilbert Islanders is now in press. The translation fills 3568 pages.

SECRETARY HOKE SMITH requested the Secretary of War to send troops to maintain peace in the Choctaw Nation.

THE visible supply of wheat in the United States is 41,027,000 bushels, as against 77,553,000 for the same time last year.

THE rice crop is sixty per cent. greater than the previous one, and over two and one half times the average rice crop before the war.

THE new St. Louis directory indicates that on January 1, the population numbered 1,574,669, an increase of 31,447 over January 1, 1892.

THE two hundredth anniversary of the introduction of printing in New York City was celebrated a few days ago, by the printing and allied trades.

THE procession and demonstration in London against the proposed local option liquor law was broken up by teetotallers and rioting and much disorder.

THE influx of foreign visitors to the World's Fair is being felt at Washington. The hotels are crowded with tourists and the streets and public buildings are filled with sightseers. The hotel registers show visitors from nearly every quarter of the globe—France, England, Scotland, Russia, Brazil, Venezuela, Switzerland, Austria, New Zealand and Japan.

ARKANSAS has a road improvement agitation on hand and a proposition is before the Legislature in the form of a bill which provides for the issuance of 4,000,000 of bonds, the proceeds of which shall be distributed pro rata among the several counties in proportion to their taxable values, to be used as a primary road fund under the direction of the county court.

THE SENATE ADJOURNS.

The Extraordinary Session at Washington Comes to an End.

The extra session of the United States Senate came to a close at 6 p. m. a few days ago. It required hard fighting and good management to bring about this result. Most of the time was consumed by Senators Platt, Mills and Hawley in a debate over the Roach inquiry resolution.

At the suggestion of Mr. Manderson the recent famous decisions of Judges Speer, Ricks and Taft, as to the rights and duties of railroad employes, were ordered to be printed as a document for the use of the Senate.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

At 5:30 the doors were reopened and a resolution was offered by Mr. Manderson and agreed to, tendering the thanks of the Senate to Vice-President Stevenson for the impartiality and courtesy with which he has presided over the Senate during the present extraordinary session.

A resolution instructing the Committee on Contingent Expenses to fix the amounts to be allowed for the several committee investigations was agreed to, as were also the various pending resolutions authorizing such investigations.

A motion to adjourn sine die was then made by Mr. Hill and was agreed to without a division. The Vice-President said before announcing the result of the vote just taken:

"I beg to express my earnest appreciation of the uniform courtesy shown me by the members and officers of this body during the session now closing. For the resolution, personal to myself, so kindly adopted by the Senate, I am profoundly grateful. In accordance with the vote just taken, I now declare this extraordinary session of the Senate adjourned without day."

IT has been decided to keep the World's Fair open to the public until 11 o'clock. To those who, on account of money considerations, are unable to spend much time at Chicago, it will be of the greatest importance that the opportunities for seeing the fair should be as great as they can be made. They will not mind the strain involved by so many hours of sightseeing, for they can rest after they reach home.

Foreign.

THE strike for the ballot spread throughout Belgium. Gendarmes had to charge the crowds at several points.

THE Mayor of Brussels, Belgium, was

MALDEN, Mass., has sentenced a young girl to six months' imprisonment for marrying a youth against her parents' wishes.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

MORE than $16,000,000 has been paid out thus far by the Exposition Company alone in preparation of the Fair. An expenditure of six or seven millions more will be made.

THE numerous restaurants and cafes in the World's Fair buildings will be supplied from a common kitchen, situated in the south part of the grounds, and measuring 125 by 325 feet.

ITALY, which for a long time declined to participate in the World's Fair, has made an appropriation of 277,500 lire, or about $55,500, for its representation. The Italian Chamber of Commerce and other financial interests have also supplied funds with liberality.

A FINE model of Windsor Castle, built to scale from architectural drawings, will be exhibited at the World's Fair. It is believed to be the largest in existence and the only one architecturally correct. The model covers an area of 45x18 feet and stands sixteen feet high. It is built upon a stand, the inside of which is a work of art in saloon decoration.

THE statue Germania, which is to adorn the imperial portal of a new German Parliament building in Berlin, will be shown at the World's Fair. Through the efforts of Herr Wermuth and the consent of Emperor William this masterpiece of German sculpture will be exhibited at Chicago. It will be placed in the Manufactures building, as the crowning piece of the German section there.

THE women of Mississppi, who are patriotically endeavoring to have their State creditably represented at the World's Fair, will build a fortification of cotton bales on the grounds, representing Vicksburg during the siege. One hundred bales of cotton will be used in building the fort, and on the inside will be exhibited all the products of the great staple. The women will ornament their cotton fort with numbers of historic cannon, flags and other relics of the war.

BRETROS EFFENDI HELWEH, the famous oriental decorator, has arrived in Chicago from Paris with forty large boxes, containing the parts of a wonderful work which is to be displayed at the World's Fair. It is to represent the luxurious splendor of a room of an eastern sultan. It is made of 2,000,000 pieces of mosaic and took ten years of Effendi Helweh's life to make it. It is in the form of a kiosk, the interior is made up of rich eastern designs and legends, inlaid with mother of pearl and rich woods. When reconstructed the kiosk will be placed in the Tunisean part of the French section.

FORTY-FIVE precious historical documents relating to the voyages and discovery of America are to be exhibited at the World's Fair. The Duke of Veragua, the living descendant of Columbus, has agreed to lend them. The forty-five papers form almost a history of Columbus's career as discoverer. In the list is the original commission given to Columbus by Ferdinand and Isabella upon his departure for the first voyage. It is dated Granada, April 30, 1492. In it he is appointed grand admiral of the ocean seas, vice-king and governor general of all the lands he should discover. Every document in the collection is either written by Columbus or signed by Ferdinand or Isabella.

EMIN PACHA DEAD.

The Great African Explorer Given Up for Lost.

EMIN PACHA.

A letter received at Zanzibar, Africa, from Tippoo Tib's son confirms the report of the death of Emin Pacha, the great explorer, and all his people.

Edward Schnitzer was born in Oppeln, in the Prussian province of Silesia, on March 20, 1840, son of the Merchant Louis Schnitzer—died 1845—and his wife, Pauline Schweitzer, both of whom were Protestants. The family left Oppeln in 1842 for Neisse, where the mother and one sister of our friend still reside. After graduating at the academy of the town last mentioned, Edward Schnitzer entered upon the course of medicine at the University of Breslau. During the years 1863 and 1864 he continued his studies at the University of Berlin, where he took his degree.

He decided to win his way as a physician in Turkey, and left Berlin at the end of 1874. In Scutaria he excited the attention and interest of the then Vali Ismael Pacha Haqqi, and was attached to the staff of the Turkish dignitary, who was on a round of official visits to the various provinces of the wide Kingdom. After having seen in this way Armenia, Syria and Arabia, Schnitzer arrived at length at Constantinople, where the Pacha died in 1872.

Suddenly, however, his old love of wandering seized him afresh. He set out for Egypt when a favorable prospect had meanwhile presented itself. Thus we see the enterprising man at the beginning of 1876, entering into the Egyptian service under the name of Doctor Emin Effendi, and offering himself in the south to the Governor General of the Soudan, which was then being rapidly extended.

In 1878 he was made a Bey and appointed Governor of the equatorial province. From 1878 to 1883 he had a score of stations and a post fortnightly between them and Lado.

The rise of insurrection in the Soudan swept southward and Emin was imprisoned in his own province until rescued by Stanley in 1889. Soon after he returned to the heart of Africa, where he has just perished.

ALEXANDER IS KING.

Bloodless Coup d'Etat of Servia's Youthful Monarch.

A bloodless coup d'etat was affected at Belgrade, Servia, the other night, and King Alexander I. the youthful ruler of Servia, who had heretofore governed the country through Regents, now rules in his own name. A grand banquet was given at the palace to celebrate King Alexander's success in passing the examination prescribed for Servian students. M. Ristics and General Belimarkovic, the Regents, and all the Ministers of State, were present, as were a large number of friends and supporters of the Regents.

Unsuspectingly the Regents and Ministers attended the banquet, and while they were enjoying themselves at the palace detachments of soldiers and bodies of police took possession of the Ministers' houses and occupied the Government buildings.

At midnight, while the festivities were still in progress, King Alexander proclaimed that he had obtained his majority and that he had assumed, with the Skupshtina, the government of the country.

As a matter of fact the King had not attained his majority. According to the Servian law he does not become of age until he is eighteen years old, and as he was born August 14, 1876, he will not be eighteen for considerably over a year.

The King and his advisers acted with great promptitude, and soldiers, who were in waiting, at once placed the Regents and Ministers under arrest and they were sent to rooms which had been prepared for them in the palace, where they were placed under guard. The Servian army is loyal to the King.

CRUSHED UNDER A CANNON

It Fell While Being Hoisted at the World's Fair.

Sergeant Warwick and Corporal Kernies were accidentally crushed under a large piece of modern ordnance forming part of the United States exhibition while it was being hoistad into place by themselves and a squad of their comrades. The weapon weighs fourteen tons.

Warwick was flattened into pulp. Kernies was not so badly crushed by the immense mass, but his injuries were pronounced fatal.

INDIANS about Dana, Shasta County, Cal., acting under the advice of Johnny Green, who stands as a sort of chief among them, have decided to build a schoolhouse for the exclusive use of Indian children. White people of the valley have promised them assistance.

Hood's Cures

After the Grip It Restores Health and Strength

Mr. Dexter Curtis

Is well-known in Wisconsin as a manufacturer of collar pads and boots for horses, and is a reliable business man.

"Madison, Wis., Jan. 20, 1893.

"Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"I cannot speak in too favorable terms of the good qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have had a bad cough for 2 years, coming on after the grip. I tried physicians, went twice to the Hot Springs of Arkansas, but all did no good. I got a bottle of **Hood's Sarsaparilla** and it gave me relief at once. The second dose seemed to go to the **right spot.** I afterward got 6 bottles, and have taken nearly all of it, and know I am much better every way.

"So many medicines are advertised that do no good, I would not say anything in favor of **Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures** unless I was fully satisfied it was good and worth trying. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla is good." DEXTER CURTIS.

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Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
INDIGESTION,
DIZZY FEELINGS,
BILIOUSNESS,
TORPID LIVER,
DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills, by their ANTI-BILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of the bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills in doses of from two to four will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills, taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver, will keep the system regular and secure healthy digestion.

Price, 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY & CO., NEW YORK.

WON BY THE PEOPLE.

Universal Suffrage, With Plural Voting, Adopted in Belgium.

The Strike Abandoned and Further Trouble Averted.

A cablegram from Brussels, Belgium, says: The Belgium revolution has succeeded. The reigning aristocracy has surrendered, and Belgium will hereafter be governed by the people. The victory for universal suffrage cost several lives and serious bloodshed; but, considering the terrible sacrifices which until the last moment it seemed would be necessary, the price paid is not a great one. The right of self-government has not been granted willingly. It was wrung from the present authorities by a display of revolutionary force such as had not been seen in Europe since Paris was in the hands of a committee.

The manifestation of popular will was imposing and truly terrific. It overawed and conquered the arrogance which had defied it. It has been a day of suspense and fear throughout Belgium. The entire country was under arms, and business of every description was paralyzed. The terrible nature of the crisis was emphasized as never before when 20,000 Socialists met just outside Brussels, and voted solemnly and without excitement to shed the last drop of their blood to secure the right of suffrage. The leaders advised the multitude to refrain from violence till the decision of Parliament was known later in the day. The mob consented.

Their fellows in other places exercised less self-restraint. Soon came the news that several more had been killed and many wounded in Antwerp. The bloody work was going on again in Mons and other places. Brussels waited. There was unmistakable an air of dread and apprehension upon the city. All the large places of business were closed and the shutters were up. The residential streets were completely deserted. The public quarters were thronged, but few women were about. All vehicles, except a few cabs, disappeared. The army and the mob stood and waited. Cavalry and infantry held all the streets within half a mile of the King's palace and the Parliament buildings. There were no hostile demonstrations against the troops.

Meantime the Lower House of the Legislature assembled. The House voted to sit until the committee agreed on some suffrage measure. It refused to adopt the Government suggestion to act on the budget, which was waiting. The members instead went outside to view the strange sight in the streets of the city, which was in a state of siege.

Thousands of troops filled the streets converging at Parliament Hall. Beyond them the mob stood waiting. It was nearly 4 o'clock, but there had been no collision. The multitude was silent, and not even sullen. There was, however, no mistaking the attitude of their unnumbered thousands.

Members of the Chamber went back to their seats profoundly impressed. Telegrams poured in telling of renewed fighting in the provinces. A mild but salutary panic took possession of the House.

The committee were forced to report. They brought in a measure providing for universal suffrage for citizens above twenty-five years of age, with an additional vote for heads of families, and another for those possessing educational qualifications. It was briefly debated and quickly brought to a vote. The result was 119 in favor, twelve against and fourteen abstentions. The figures were received with amazement on all sides, indicating as it did the panic-stricken condition of the House. The news quickly spread, and was received with immense relief if not entire satisfaction by the people.

It was thought that the Senate would act immediately on the Suffrage bill.

SPECIAL FETE DAYS.

A Prominent and Interesting Feature of the World's Fair.

Special fete days will be a prominent and interesting feature at the World's Fair at Chicago. The different States, foreign countries and many civic organizations will each have a day upon which to conduct special exercises or celebrations, and programmes for them are now being arranged. Following are the days already assigned for such celebrations:

Washington, May 17; Wisconsin, May 23; Maine, May 24; Denmark, June 5; Germany, June 15; Nebraska, June 15; Massachusetts, June 17; New Hampshire, June 21; France, July 14; Utah, July 24; Liberia, July 26; Commercial travelers, July 26; Independent Order of Foresters, August 12; Hayti, August 16; Colored people, August 25; North Carolina, August 18; Austria, August 18; The Netherlands, August 31; Nicaragua, September 1; New York, September 4; Brazil, September 7; California, September 9; Maryland, September 12; Michigan, August 13 and 14; Kansas, August 15; Colorado, September 19; Montana, September 20; Patriotic Order Sons of America, September 20; Iowa, September 21; Rhode Island, October 5; Spain, October 12; Italian societies, October 12; Minnesota, October 13.

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Price, 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY & CO., NEW YORK.

The New Bread.

The favor with which the new bread, made with Royal Baking Powder instead of yeast, has been received by our best housekeepers and most expert bread makers is really wonderful. "It saves all the hard and tedious work of kneading and moulding," writes one. "Less than an hour from the dry flour to the most perfect loaf of bread I ever saw," writes another. "Fresh bread every day," says another, "and that the lightest, finest and most wholesome, is something to live for." "We relish the bread better than the old kind;" "it is ahead of any yeast bread I ever baked;" "the bread was whiter and softer." "Best of all," writes an enthusiastic housewife, "we can eat the Royal unfermented bread when freshly baked, or even when warm, with perfect impunity. It is actually an anti-dyspeptic."

"This bread has a 'nutty' taste, that is peculiarly pleasing," writes still another. This is owing to the fact that the active gas-producing principle of the Royal is derived from the pure grape acid.

The great value of this bread arises from the fact that in it are preserved all the most nutritive elements of the flour, some of which are decomposed and destroyed by the action of yeast. The loss of these properties is what makes fresh yeast bread unwholesome. The use of the Royal Baking Powder instead of yeast is found to make a finer, lighter bread, devoid of all dyspeptic qualities. The same gas—carbonic—is produced as where yeast is used, but it is evolved from the baking powder itself and not from the flour. Thereby the bread is made more wholesome and actually anti-dyspeptic. The greater convenience, where a batch of the finest bread can be made and baked in less than an hour with no danger of a sour or heavy loaf, must be appreciated by everyone.

The receipt for making this bread is herewith given, and housekeepers will do well to cut it out and preserve it:

To make one loaf—One quart flour, one teaspoonful salt, half a teaspoonful sugar, two heaping teaspoonfuls Royal Baking Powder, half medium-sized cold boiled potato, and water. Sift together thoroughly flour, salt, sugar and baking powder; rub in the potato; add sufficient water to mix smoothly and rapidly into a stiff batter, about as soft as for pound-cake, about a pint of water to a quart of flour will be required—more or less according to the brand and quality of the flour used. Do not make a stiff dough, like yeast bread. Pour the batter into a greased pan, 4½x8 inches, and four inches deep, filling about half full. The loaf will rise to fill the pan when baked. Bake in very hot oven forty-five minutes, placing paper over first fifteen minutes baking, to prevent crusting too soon on top. Bake at once. *Don't mix with milk.*

Perfect success requires the most careful observance of all these details, and the author of the receipt emphasizes the statement that Royal Baking Powder only can be used because it is the only powder in which the ingredients are prepared so as to give that continuous action necessary to raise the larger bread loaf.

To every reader who will write the result of her bread making from this receipt to the Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall street, New York, that company announce that they will send in return, free, a copy of a most practical and useful cook book, containing one thousand receipts for all kinds of baking, cooking, etc. Mention this paper.

Spoke Patronizingly of the Queen.

An English paper tells a story of a well-known bishop who suffers from impaired vision. He recently held a levee. At length a guest approached and said: "How do you do, my Lord? My mother wishes to be kindly remembered to you." "Ah," said the bishop, "that is very good of her. And how is the dear old soul? Nothing like a good old mother! Be sure to take care of your old mother. Good morning." The bishop did not in the least know who his visitor was, and said to his footman: "Who was that?" The servant replied: "The last gentleman who left your Lordship's reception is the Duke of Connaught."—New Orleans Picayune.

The Largest Plate of American Glass.

There was recently finished at the Diamond Plate Glass Works, in Kokomo, Ind., the largest plate ever cast in the United States. It is 150x216 inches, or 12½ feet wide by 18 feet in length. This is by all odds the largest plate ever cast and ground and polished in America. Other plates as large as this have been cast here, but never before has one of this magnitude run the gauntlet of the finishing rooms without breakage.—Indianapolis Journal.

An Electric Pencil.

It is said that a French genius has invented an electric pencil, very useful for reporters or others who may want to write in the dark. It is a tiny incandescent bulb, which may be attached to any ordinary pencil, and is fed by a wire that passes down the sleeve from a little battery in the inside pocket of the coat. New Orleans Picayune.

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